## RAYCOMMAND 2024A SPC1

Instructions for Use



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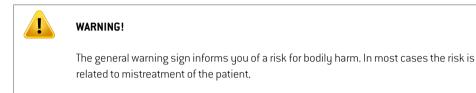
#### Declaration of conformity

### **C €** 2862

Complies with Medical Device Regulation (MDR) 2017/745. A copy of the corresponding Declaration of Conformity is available on request.

#### Safety notices

This user documentation contains WARNINGS concerning the safe use of the product. These must be followed.



#### Note:

The note gives additional information concerning a specific topic, for example, things to consider when performing a certain step in an instruction.

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## **1** INTRODUCTION

#### About RayCommand

The RayCommand application integrates with RayCare to allow the clinic to deliver plans created in RayStation as treatment sessions on treatment systems with a patient positioning system.

This manual describes the parts of the workflow that are directly related to the delivery of treatment plans and controlling the patient positioning system:

- Handling treatment appointments created in RayCare
- Preparation of the patient positioning system for imaging and delivery in RayCommand
- Performing treatment delivery in RayCommand
- Monitoring the treatment machine and patient positioning system using the RayCommand Machine monitor

#### About this manual

This document is an addition to *RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM*, *RayStation 2024A User Manual* and summarizes some of the most important features of the RayCommand application.

The document includes appendices that are also parts of *RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM*, *RayStation 2024A User Manual* and *RSL-D-RS-2024A-RPHY*, *RayStation 2024A RayPhysics Manual*, relevant for RayCommand users.

Study this manual and the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-IFU*, *RayStation 2024A SPC1 Instructions for Use* carefully before using the RayCommand application. Proper functioning of the device can only be guaranteed if the instructions in these documents are adhered to.

Study the Release Notes in this manual as well as the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-RN*, *RayStation 2024A SP1 Release Notes* carefully. These notes provide final instructions on how to use the RayCommand application.

The RayStation 2024A system is further described in the RayStation 2024A product documentation.

Refer to the RayCare 2024A product documentation for information about the RayCare 2024A system.

### **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

This chapter describes the RayCommand product label. For product information regarding the RayStation 2024A system, refer to the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-IFU*, *RayStation 2024A SPC1 Instructions for Use*.

The version number of an installed RayStation 2024A system can be found by choosing **Help: About RayStation** in the RayCommand menu.

The following information can be identified:

- Product name = RayStation
  - 产品型号: RayStation (for the Chinese market only)
- Release version = **15.1**
- Marketing name = RayStation RayCommand 2024A SPC1
- Software build number = **15.1.1.331**
- Clinical build = Indicates that the software is designed for clinical use.

Note: A clinical installation requires both a clinical build and a clinical license. Otherwise, 'Not for clinical use' will be displayed in the title bar.

- Product lifetime = The lifetime per market is one year after the next major release, but no less than three years
- Radiation treatment planning system software = The generic name of the product

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- 产品名称: 放射治疗计划系统软件 (for the Chinese market only)
- Indicates that the product is a medical device
- Unique Device Identification number
- $CE_{2862}$  = The CE mark and the notified body number
- Production date
- = Consult instructions for use
- = The name and address of the manufacturer
- @ = The support e-mail address

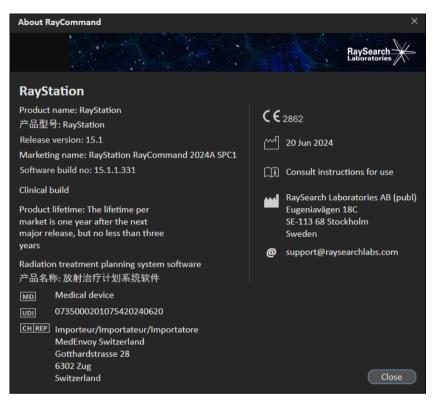


Figure 1. The About RayCommand dialog.

## **3 INFORMATION NEEDED FOR SAFE OPERATION**

Adhere to the following warnings as well as the warnings described in *RSL-D-RS-2024A-IFU*, *RayStation 2024A SPC1 Instructions for Use* for safe operation of the RayCommand application.

*Note:* RayCommand 2024A SPC1 is compatible with RayCare 2024A and subsequently validated RayCare 2024A service packs. Check compatible versions with RaySearch Service.

#### 3.1 MANDATORY SITE TESTS

Before using RayCommand clinically after an upgrade of any relevant software or hardware, the test cases in the Acceptance Test Protocol shall be run, as a minimum, on an evaluation environment to verify the correctness of the clinical integration:

 RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-ATP MA, RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Acceptance Test Protocol MedAustron

In addition, the Installation Test Specification must be run on each clinical environment to verify the correctness of the clinical installation:

 RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-ITS MA, RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Installation Test Specification MedAustron

### WARNING!

**Installation and reconfiguration testing.** To function correctly, RayCommand depends on configuration and external systems. Configuration changes in RayCommand, RayCare, RayStation or external systems require testing according to *RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-ITS MA*, *RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Installation Test Specification MedAustron*.

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#### 3.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

#### 3.2.1 General

#### WARNING!

**Make sure that the intended plan is used.** All plans can be included in the treatment course, regardless of the prescription or the planned number of fractions. Exercise caution when assigning different plans to different fractions.

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#### WARNING!

**Some state may not be persisted in services or drivers.** If the RayCommand room driver is restarted, the driver's cache of the state of external systems is lost. After a restart, the state will be unknown until the external system is reset.

(334439)

#### WARNING!

**Only results from completed treatment sessions are displayed in RayCare.** The results of the treatment sessions will not be displayed in RayCare until the session is completed. If it is not possible to complete the session, the result will not be displayed in RayCare.

(334370)

#### WARNING!

**Ensure sufficient training.** The user organization shall ensure that individuals authorized to perform treatment functions are appropriately trained for the functions they perform. Only individuals authorized to enter and accept machine setup or other patient treatment data should use this software. Carefully read all instructions prior to use. The user is responsible for proper clinical use and the prescribed radiation dose.

(334374)

#### WARNING!

**Installation and reconfiguration testing.** To function correctly, RayCommand depends on configuration and external systems. Configuration changes in RayCommand, RayCare or RayStation require testing according to *RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-ITS MA, RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Installation Test Specification MedAustron.* 

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#### WARNING!

**Risks when using non-codified accessories.** If fixation devices or other non-codified accessories are used, it is the responsibility of the user to verify that the correct accessories are used and mounted correctly. The use of setup instructions and/or the beam set note is suggested for documenting the use of accessories. Fixation devices in RayCare and RayCommand support the use of IDs as an additional safety measure.

The correct usage of non-fixation device accessories and gating devices that are not codified is the responsibility of the delivery device and end user.

(931722)

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#### WARNING!

**User must confirm patient identity.** The user is responsible for verifying the patient identity before clicking the *Confirm patient ID* button in the *Preparation* module. (725703)

#### WARNING!

**Physics mode: Ensure that no patient is on table.** When in Physics mode, the user is responsible for verifying that there is no patient on the table before clicking the *Confirm no patient on table* button in the *Preparation* module.

(725702)



#### WARNING!

**Beam set note synchronization.** The beam set note is editable in RayStation, RayCare and RayCommand even if a session is open in RayCommand. Ensure that if the beam set note is significantly changed during a session to also inform the operator. [1043064]

#### 3.2.2 Configuration



#### WARNING!

Machine models. The user who configures which machine models are supported in which rooms shall have a very clear understanding of the clinic and its rooms and machine models. It is strongly discouraged to remove or rename any machine model in the configuration of a room. Instead, it is recommended to deprecate the machine in RayPhysics if a machine model is not to be used anymore. It is still possible to add new machine models to a room.

(341177)

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#### WARNING!

**Configuration of treatment room machine models.** Only compatible machine models must be listed in the machine models list when configuring the treatment room. Incorrect configuration can cause failure of service or incorrect treatment delivery. (342666)

#### WARNING!

**Possible to approve/export plan with collision based on outdated imaging device transformation.** The RayStation collision check result is not invalidated if the imaging device transformation (IDT) vector for the treatment room is changed in Clinic Settings. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the collision check is re-run for unapproved beam sets if the IDT is updated.

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#### WARNING!

**Ensure correct Imaging Device Transformation (IDT).** It is the responsibility of the clinic and user to ensure that the IDT vector for the treatment room is specified correctly in Clinic Settings.

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#### WARNING!

**Ensure configured margins for path planning are sufficient.** Path planning does not account for any uncertainties in the PPS position, e.g., due to couch sag. The configured margins for collision check must account for these uncertainties to avoid collisions during path execution. If the margins are larger than any potential uncertainties, this will also ensure there is no collision when entering or exiting a camera tracked position.

(825285)

#### 3.2.3 Registration

#### WARNING!

**Review automatic registration.** Always ensure that the automatic registration between the setup images and the planning CT is acceptable by manually reviewing the result.

(344618)

#### WARNING!

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**Ensure that the correct setup beam is used for imaging.** In RayCommand there is no connection between the setup beams and the treatment beams. For plans with multiple isocenters, the user must be aware of the risk of using the wrong setup beam. If setup images are acquired based on the wrong imaging position, the patient displacement for the resulting registration may be unsuitable for the treatment beam. Always give the setup beam a unique and understandable name so that the correct setup beam is selected for image acquisition and registration before beam delivery. The body site for the setup beams can be used as a redundant indication of where the setup beam isocenter is positioned.

(410108)

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#### 3.2.4 Motion

#### WARNING!

**Safety when moving table top.** When using the motion service in RayCommand to move the patient positioning device, the user operating the Operator Deadman's Switch (ODS) must be attentive during the complete range of movement. The ODS must be released immediately when there is a risk of collision or patient injury.

Close attention is required because variation in the patient's daily position and changes in the room environment may not be adequately accounted for in the collision check for a path.

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#### WARNING!

**Ensure unobstructed view of patient.** Always ensure unobstructed view of the patient before and during irradiation or any other activity related to risk of patient safety.

(334373)

#### WARNING!

**Patient movement between imaging and completed treatment.** Patient movement between imaging and completed treatment is not automatically detected. Patient movement after imaging may cause incorrect patient setup.

(334434)

#### WARNING!

Room view is an approximate representation of the treatment room and must not be used for determining patient setup or collisions. Room view is not sufficiently accurate for determining patient setup or collisions.

(410298)

#### 3.2.5 Eye treatment

#### WARNING!

Machine for eye treatment requires aperture block support. In RayPhysics, all snouts in the machine model which will be used for eye treatment must be configured to require the use of aperture blocks. Aperture blocks must not be supported in any other machine model.

(930954)



#### WARNING!

**Room model configuration for eye treatment.** The room model used in path planning for eye treatment must be configured to include the Passive Beam Modifier Body, used for mounting the Passive Beam Modifier Pipe, so that the Passive Beam Modifier Body will be part of the collision check during path planning.

The room model configuration must be performed on both the primary and secondary systems, i.e., in both the internal and external control room.

(930958)

### WARNING!

**Aperture block support in machine and room configuration.** When adding the room for eye treatment in Clinic Settings, the room must only include a machine model that supports aperture blocks.

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#### WARNING!

**Multiple configurations of a physical room must be synchronized.** If there are multiple room configurations for path planning for the same physical room, and there are room configurations which are linked in such a way that one (the extended room) refers to the configuration files of another (the base room), any changes regarding common physical elements in the room must be made to the files for the base room to keep the shared configuration files synchronized. Changes made in the configuration files for the extended room will not be propagated back to the configuration files for the base room.

For example, the room configuration file for path planning for room IR2\_Eye is composed of the configuration files for IR2 with additional elements configured. Although changes made to the IR2 configuration files will be propagated to IR2\_Eye, changes made to the IR2\_Eye room configuration files will not be propagated to IR2. (930956)



#### WARNING!

Movement of the couch is <u>not</u> allowed when the Passive Beam Modifier Pipe is mounted. The Passive Beam Modifier Pipe is not included as part of the collision check and must be unmounted before any movement of the couch is allowed.

The Passive Beam Modifier Pipe is only to be mounted once the patient is in treatment position.

(930955)



#### WARNING!

**Aperture block usage information not stored in RayCommand.** The treatment record from MAPTA will not contain information about any used aperture blocks. Therefore, no information is stored in RayCommand or RayCare about whether a plan has been delivered with an aperture block or not.

The clinic is advised to record whether an aperture block has been used, e.g., by using the final treatment note when signing a session.

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#### WARNING!

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**Ensure using correct aperture block.** When a treatment plan requires the use of an aperture block, the user must ensure that the correct block is used and mounted correctly.

RayCommand does not store information about whether the aperture block is in place or is correctly positioned.

The clinic is advised to record the aperture block information during planning, either as a beam set note in RayStation or a setup instruction in RayCare.

(930953)

#### WARNING!

#### Patient specific aperture block information not stored in RayCommand.

RayCommand does not store or show any information about which aperture block should be mounted in the Passive Beam Modifier Pipe. The *Block name* assigned in RayStation is not propagated to or displayed in RayCommand. If any relevant information is entered in the *Block name*, the user must keep track of this separately.

The clinic is advised to record the aperture block information during planning, either as a beam set note in RayStation or a setup instruction in RayCare.

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## **4 RELEASE NOTES**

This chapter contains important notes about the use of the RayCommand application. It contains information related to patient safety and lists new features, known issues and possible workarounds.

**Every user of the RayCommand application must be familiar with these known issues as well as the known issues described in** *RSL-D-RS-2024A-RN, RayStation 2024A SP1 Release Notes.* Contact the manufacturer for any questions about the content.

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following sections:

4.1	News and improvements in RayCommand 2024A SP1	p. 24
4.2	Known issues related to patient safety	p. 29
4.3	Other known issues	p. 29
4.4	Updates in RayCommand 2024A SPC1	p. 31

**Note:** Beware that additional safety-related release notes may be distributed separately within a month of software installation.

#### 4.1 NEWS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN RAYCOMMAND 2024A SP1

This chapter describes the news and improvements in RayCommand 2024A SP1 as compared to RayCommand 11B SPC6. This includes information regarding eye planning, even though this functionality was already released in RayCommand 11B SPC6.

#### 4.1.1 Resolved Field Safety Notices (FSNs)

There are no resolved field safety notices (FSNs) in RayCommand 2024A SP1.

#### 4.1.2 New and significantly updated warnings

For the complete list of warnings, see section 3.2 Safety precautions on page 14.

#### New warnings

#### WARNING!

**Risks when using non-codified accessories.** If fixation devices or other non-codified accessories are used, it is the responsibility of the user to verify that the correct accessories are used and mounted correctly. The use of setup instructions and/or the beam set note is suggested for documenting the use of accessories. Fixation devices in RayCare and RayCommand support the use of IDs as an additional safety measure.

The correct usage of non-fixation device accessories and gating devices that are not codified is the responsibility of the delivery device and end user.

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#### WARNING!

**User must confirm patient identity.** The user is responsible for verifying the patient identity before clicking the *Confirm patient ID* button in the *Preparation* module. [725703]



#### WARNING!

**Physics mode: Ensure that no patient is on table.** When in Physics mode, the user is responsible for verifying that there is no patient on the table before clicking the *Confirm no patient on table* button in the *Preparation* module.

(725702)



#### WARNING!

**Ensure correct Imaging Device Transformation (IDT).** It is the responsibility of the clinic and user to ensure that the IDT vector for the treatment room is specified correctly in Clinic Settings.

(725706)

#### WARNING!

**Ensure configured margins for path planning are sufficient.** Path planning does not account for any uncertainties in the PPS position, e.g., due to couch sag. The configured margins for collision check must account for these uncertainties to avoid collisions during path execution. If the margins are larger than any potential uncertainties, this will also ensure there is no collision when entering or exiting a camera tracked position.

(825285)



#### WARNING!

**Machine for eye treatment requires aperture block support.** In RayPhysics, all snouts in the machine model which will be used for eye treatment must be configured to require the use of aperture blocks. Aperture blocks must not be supported in any other machine model.

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#### WARNING!

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The room model configuration must be performed on both the primary and secondary systems, i.e., in both the internal and external control room.

(930958)



#### WARNING!

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(930951)

#### WARNING!

**Multiple configurations of a physical room must be synchronized.** If there are multiple room configurations for path planning for the same physical room, and there are room configurations which are linked in such a way that one (the extended room) refers to the configuration files of another (the base room), any changes regarding common physical elements in the room must be made to the files for the base room to keep the shared configuration files synchronized. Changes made in the configuration files for the extended room will not be propagated back to the configuration files for the base room.

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The Passive Beam Modifier Pipe is only to be mounted once the patient is in treatment position.

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#### WARNING!

**Aperture block usage information not stored in RayCommand.** The treatment record from MAPTA will not contain information about any used aperture blocks. Therefore, no information is stored in RayCommand or RayCare about whether a plan has been delivered with an aperture block or not.

The clinic is advised to record whether an aperture block has been used, e.g., by using the final treatment note when signing a session.

(930952)

#### WARNING!

**Ensure using correct aperture block.** When a treatment plan requires the use of an aperture block, the user must ensure that the correct block is used and mounted correctly.

RayCommand does not store information about whether the aperture block is in place or is correctly positioned.

The clinic is advised to record the aperture block information during planning, either as a beam set note in RayStation or a setup instruction in RayCare.

(930953)



#### WARNING!

#### Patient specific aperture block information not stored in RayCommand.

RayCommand does not store or show any information about which aperture block should be mounted in the Passive Beam Modifier Pipe. The *Block name* assigned in RayStation is not propagated to or displayed in RayCommand. If any relevant information is entered in the *Block name*, the user must keep track of this separately.

The clinic is advised to record the aperture block information during planning, either as a beam set note in RayStation or a setup instruction in RayCare.

(930957)

#### Significantly updated warnings

There are no significantly updated warnings in RayCommand 2024A SP1.

#### 4.1.3 Information from RayCare

The following information is retrieved from RayCare and now displayed in RayCommand:

- Calendar in the Schedule module in Clinical mode
- QA list in the **Schedule** module in **Physics** mode
- Setup in the **Preparation** module
- Beam set delivery note
- Patient card

#### 4.1.4 Logging

RayCommand now logs to the CLEF file format (Compact Log Event Format) and can optionally stream log events to a Seq (https://datalust.co/seq) instance for centralized logging.

#### 4.1.5 Registration

- It is now possible to perform autoregistration between planning CT and acquired CBCT setup images.
- It is now possible to start an autoregistration based on the currently modified registration, without first saving the modified registration.

#### 4.1.6 RayCommand Motion and Room view

#### Path planning

- When a target position is selected, a blue transparent robot arm in the **Room view** (in the **Room navigator** and the **Delivery** module) now indicates the selected position.
- When a path is initiated in the **Room navigator** or in the **Delivery** module, a path ribbon is now visualized in the **Room view** to present the planned path without the need to drag the preview slider.
- When the patient position is rotated from 0 degrees to 180 degrees, the PPS rotates around a standard arc which keeps the head steady while rotating the couch.

#### Room view visualization

• The collision structures are now shown in the same colors as defined in RayStation.

#### 4.1.7 RayStation collision check

• In the **Room view** dialog, all relevant ROIs will now be displayed using the colors defined in RayStation.

- Collision check no longer crashes when having unsegmented fixation devices on the image set of the current beam set.
- It is now possible to use the same sites folder for both RayCommand and RayStation.
- Visualization of failing scenarios
  - It is now possible to see a list of failing scenarios in the **Room view** when there is a collision for the **Within margins check**.
  - Clicking a failing scenario will now immediately populate the corresponding displacements and visualize the corresponding setup in the **Room view**.
- Nominal check is now also run as part of the Within margins check.
- It is now possible to have configuration files per room.
- In the ROI properties and ROI details dialogs it is now possible to see and change which ROIs are used in the collision check.
- Coordinate system for the rotation point of the table top can now be shown.
- It is now possible to configure which parts of the imager to include in the RayStation collision check. The imaging ring is included by default. Its parking position can also be configured.

#### 4.1.8 Eye treatments

It is now possible to perform eye treatments that are planned with aperture blocks.

#### 4.2 KNOWN ISSUES RELATED TO PATIENT SAFETY

There are no issues related to patient safety in RayCommand 2024A SP1.

#### 4.3 OTHER KNOWN ISSUES

#### 4.3.1 Upgrade

#### Limitations when upgrading RayCare and RayCommand

Before upgrading RayCare and RayCommand, all required continuation sessions must be created and have a scheduled appointment in RayCare, otherwise the continuation sessions may be lost during upgrade and a new beam set will be required to compensate for undelivered dose.

(934854,934855)

### Incorrect display of range modulator information for delivered carbon beams after upgrade

When viewing a beam with range modulators delivered before RayCommand version 2024A, the range modulator and range shifter information in the *Delivery* and *Results* module will incorrectly

show Mismatch in yellow. Hover over the Mismatch text to view the correct delivery status of accessories. (The status of accessories forms part of the Machine Parameter Verification at deliveru.) (827186)

#### Incorrect display of over-delivered beams after upgrade

For sessions delivered before RayCommand version 2024A, any over-delivered beams will incorrectly be shown with a green checkmark instead of the expected yellow exclamation mark.

(928439)

#### 432 General

#### Room validation is passed even when the RayCommand room is improperly configured

The room validation incorrectly passes when the RayCommand room is not properly configured, e.g. with the wrong machine model. However, it is not possible to start the session and therefore not possible to treat the patient with an erroneous room configuration.

(823886)

#### Isocenters must be grouped according to beam order

Beams in a plan need to be grouped according to isocenter. If multiple beams are associated with the same isocenter and there are beams with different isocenters intermingled, the validation will fail

(405433)

#### Creation of continuation session not possible for beams with state Delivered

#### If an in-session continuation, based on a manual recording, is created and fully delivered and the manual recording is later decreased or removed, it will not be possible to create a new continuation for the session as the status of the beam is already set to Delivered.

(726716)

#### Only ROI prescriptions can be delivered

Only ROI prescriptions can be used in RayCommand. Avoid creating plans with any other prescription type, e.g., POI prescription or site prescription.

(344850)

#### Closing session with unsaved beam set note

If the beam set note in the Schedule module has been edited, but not saved, and the session is then closed, the edited note cannot be saved but the edited text will remain in the text box until a different session is selected in the Schedule panel.

[1043128]

#### GPU configuration file is shared by RayCommand and RayStation

Any GPU configuration changes made in RayCommand will affect RayStation installations on the same machine. If RayStation is installed on the same workstation, RayStation must be used to configure GPU selection to ensure all relevant tests have been run.

(1043549)

#### GPU configuration in RayCommand

To configure GPU for RayCommand, the GPU configuration dialog must be run from a RayCommand Main Monitor installed on the same workstation as the RayCommand services are being run from. The GPU configuration in RayCommand is used only by the RayCommand services but the configuration file is generated for the workstation, and so setting the GPU configuration on a workstation where the RayCommand services are not run from will not correctly update the behaviour of RayCommand.

(1043547)

#### 4.4 UPDATES IN RAYCOMMAND 2024A SPC1

This chapter describes the updates in RayCommand 2024A SPC1 as compared to RayCommand 2024A SP1.

#### 4.4.1 News and improvements in RayCommand 2024A SPC1

#### Resolved Field Safety Notices (FSNs)

There are no resolved field safety notices (FSNs) in RayCommand 2024A SPC1.

#### New and significantly updated warnings

#### New warnings

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#### WARNING!

**Beam set note synchronization.** The beam set note is editable in RayStation, RayCare and RayCommand even if a session is open in RayCommand. Ensure that if the beam set note is significantly changed during a session to also inform the operator.

(1043064)

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#### Significantly updated warnings

There are no significantly updated warnings in RayCommand 2024A SPC1.

#### General

It is now possible to restart the system if a severe error has occurred, and continue the session.
 Before continuing the session, the user must confirm that the patient positioning is still valid and handle any dose that may have been delivered but not recorded.

- It is now possible to edit the beam set note in the *Schedule* module when a session is opened or started. Previously, this was only possible in the other modules. The note must be saved to be shown in other modules.
- A menu option is added for configuration of the graphics card used for GPU calculations.

#### Delivery

• In the *Delivery* module, it is now possible to change the delivery order of the beams.

#### Imaging and registration

- It is now possible to change protocol and body site in the *Acquire image* dialog, before acquiring the setup images. The changes are not persisted for other sessions.
- The registration views for 2D/3D registration are shown side-by-side as default. It is now possible to double-click in the view to open the selected side in mono view, where the user can scroll between the images. Double-clicking again shows the side-by-side view.
- If the connection to PACS is lost and the images are not possible to retrieve, it is now possible to refresh the view using a button in the image area.
- The tools for adjusting the visualization settings are moved to a separate tab. The fusion modes of the registration are also moved for easier access.
- Cropping by selected ROI is now possible. In **Crop-to-ROI** mode, all intensities outside the selected ROI will be ignored.
- Bone Enhancement Factor (BEF) now behaves as expected. BEF values greater than 1.0 make bones appear brighter, while BEF values less than 1.0 make them appear darker than surrounding tissue.
- The **Invert** mode now aligns with RayStation's DRR settings. In the normal (non-inverted) mode, higher density tissues and bones appear brighter. Conversely, in the **Invert** mode, higher density tissues and bones appear darker.
- The previously single **Level/Window** slider has now been divided into two separate sliders for improved control.

#### RayCommand Motion and room view

- When a new target position is selected in the room view, the robot and patient in the target position will be shown in transparent blue.
- The zooming direction in the room view in the *Room navigator* and in the *Delivery* module is updated for consistency with other RaySearch products.

#### 4.4.2 Found issues

Three new issues (not safety related) have been found: 1043128, 1043549 and 1043547. They are described in detail in *section 4.3 Other known issues on page 29*.

#### 4.4.3 Updated manuals

The following manuals have been updated in RayCommand 2024A SPC1:

- RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-IFU-2.0 RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Instructions for Use
- <u>RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-ATP MA-1.0 RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Acceptance Test Protocol</u> <u>MedAustron</u>
- <u>RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-ITS MA-1.0 RayCommand 2024A SPC1 Installation Test Specification</u>
   <u>MedAustron</u>
- <u>RSL-D-RCMD-2024ASPC1-MADID-1.0 RayCommand 2024A SPC1 MedAustron Driver Interface</u>
   <u>Description</u>

### **5 RAYCOMMAND**

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following sections:

5.1System overviewp. 365.2Main monitor modules and workflowp. 395.3Machine monitorp. 745.4System healthp. 765.5Patient positioningp. 805.6Physics modep. 865.7Machine parameter verificationp. 895.8Interlocksp. 905.9Loggingp. 91			
5.3Machine monitorp. 745.4System healthp. 765.5Patient positioningp. 805.6Physics modep. 865.7Machine parameter verificationp. 895.8Interlocksp. 90	5.1	System overview	р. 36
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5.6Physics modep. 865.7Machine parameter verificationp. 895.8Interlocksp. 90	5.4	System health	р. 76
5.7Machine parameter verificationp. 895.8Interlocksp. 90	5.5	Patient positioning	p. 80
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	5.9	Logging	p. 91

#### 5.1 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The RayCommand 2024A system consists of two different applications: *RayCommand Main monitor* and *RayCommand Machine monitor*. The applications are intended to be run on one monitor each. Together they constitute a dual screen control system for the treatment control room.

Information displayed on the two monitors is meant to supplement each other. To get the best experience, the Machine monitor should be placed adjacent of the Main monitor in the control room.

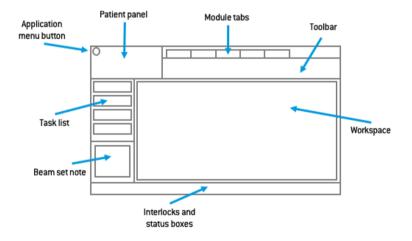
An additional RayCommand Main monitor application can also be run separately, for example inside the treatment room.

#### 5.1.1 Main monitor

The Main monitor provides workflow support and provides the user with tools and information for managing and delivering a selected session.

The list of tasks guides the user through the predefined activities to perform during the session. However, the user is always free to navigate to other parts of the interface.

The user interface in the Main monitor is divided into several areas:



#### Application menu

The application menu button opens a menu with general application functionality. The application menu is opened by clicking the RayCommand icon in the upper left corner.



- Clinical mode Normal treatment of patients.
- **Physics mode** Non-clinical task, see section 5.6 Physics mode on page 86.
- Machine QA tests Used to perform machine QA tests. Only available in Physics mode. See section 5.6.1 Machine QA tests on page 88.
- Subsystem commands Commands that the user can trigger without having to be in a specific state.
- Errors from subsystems Shows errors received from external subsystems, for example beam delivery system and patient positioning system.
- Settings/Select GPUs Shows a dialog with an option to configure the graphics card used for GPU calculations.
- Show Continue session summary dialog (only visible for sessions restarted after a severe error) Shows the continue session summary, where the user must confirm the state before continuing a session (see *Severe error on page 76*).
- **About subsystems** Shows information collected from external subsystems (for example configuration version), and in some cases include the possibility to update the configuration version.
- About RayCommand Shows version and regulatory information.

To update the subsystem configuration, the user must be part of the active directory group 'RayCommand-Administration'.

#### Patient panel

The Patient panel shows information about the patient for the current session.

#### Module tabs

The RayCommand application is divided into different parts called *modules*, which represent well-defined treatment activities. A module is accessed by clicking its module tab. The module tabs are placed sequentially from left to right, according to a typical treatment delivery workflow.

The treatment activities are:

- Schedule
- Preparation

- Imaging
- Delivery
- Results

#### Toolbar

The toolbar contains tools and information related to the session and the selected module. Some content in the toolbar is available in several modules.

### Delivery information

During irradiation the progress of the beam delivery (current layer of total layers) is displayed.

### Session information

The session information shows information about the current session, the plan and beam set to be delivered, and the modality of the treatment.

### Task list

The task list guides the user through the tasks that have been assigned to the patient for the current session. Tasks are defined in RayCare as a part of the patient's care plan.

The task list panel is available in all modules apart from the Schedule module as soon as a session has been started.

Click on a task in the task list to open the **Task properties** dialog. Here the task can be set to completed.

#### Beam set delivery note

This note is assigned to the beam set in RayCare and the note is retrieved from RayCare.

#### Workflow button

Click on the Workflow button to complete the main activity in the current module.

- Click on the button to complete the activity without moving to the next module.
- Click on the arrow to complete the activity and navigate to the next module.

#### Workspace area

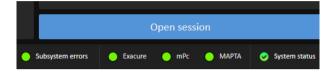
The workspace area displays information and functionality that is specific for the selected module.

### Interlock and system status

Along the bottom of the main monitor, interlock and system status is displayed. This information is helpful to get a quick overview of the current state. Tooltips about subsystems show detailed status.

Clicking on **System status** opens up a detailed view of individual service health status, and detailed error information if system health is degraded.

Clicking on **Subsystem errors** opens a view of any errors in subsystems. If there are active errors to monitor, the status color is red.



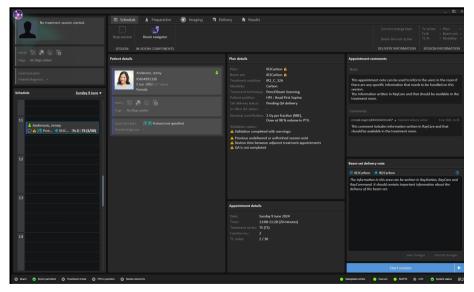
# 5.1.2 Machine monitor

The Machine monitor application complements the Main monitor with real time information from inside the treatment room and from the different devices included.

The main purpose of the Machine monitor application is to monitor the treatment devices. The interface is fixed, and all content is in the same place all the time. This provides users with current information and situational awareness.

# 5.2 MAIN MONITOR MODULES AND WORKFLOW

# 5.2.1 Schedule module



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## Schedule panel

The **Schedule** panel lists the appointments made for a treatment room on the selected date. Appointments are scheduled in RayCare.

An appointment is associated with a patient and a treatment session. By default, the panel shows today's appointments; however, it is possible to change the date to see sessions scheduled in the past or in the future.

Select an appointment in the **Schedule** panel to get an overview of the patient and the associated treatment session in the **Patient details** panel.



**Note:** The patient information shown in the Patient details panel is not necessarily the patient information for the patient in the currently active treatment session. The current patient is always displayed in the Patient panel (to the upper left in the user interface).

### **Appointments**

Treatment appointments are listed to the left in the **Schedule** workspace. Each appointment is summarized in a treatment appointment tile.



The treatment appointment tile contains the following information:

- Scheduled start time for the treatment appointment
- Estimated duration of the appointment
- Patient check-in status
- Session validation status
- Patient name
- Fraction number out of the total number of fractions. Fraction one is explicitly indicated by a grey background.

The patient check-in status can have the following states:

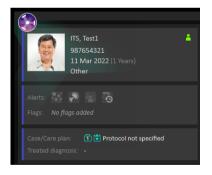
Patient status	Description
å	Patient has not been checked in from RayCare
-	Patient has been checked in from RayCare

The following session statuses exist:

Session status	Description
- Fx 15 ts1 (15/25)	Session has started and is in progress.
✓ Fx 15 ts1 (15/25)	Session has been fully delivered.
▲ Fx 15.0 ts1 (15/25)	Session is validated with a warning and needs an override before it can be started, or session has been partially delivered or over- delivered.
8 Fx 15 ts1 (15/25)	Session is validated with an error and cannot be started.

The selected appointment is indicated with a blue frame. Information about the patient in the selected appointment is displayed in the **Patient details** panel.

The patient in the started session is displayed in the panel in the upper left corner.



*Note:* It is possible to deliver a plan in all rooms in which the appointed machine model is possible to use for delivering a plan.

### Patient details panel

The Patient details panel displays information about the patient in the selected appointment.

#### Beam set delivery note

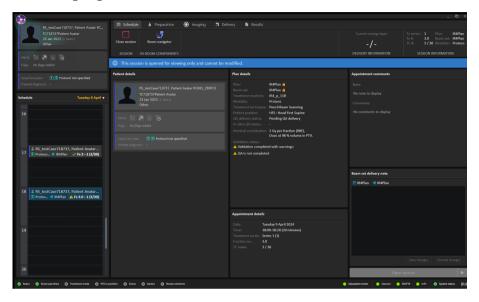
Changes can be made to the beam set note when a session has been opened or started. The changes made in the **Schedule** module need to be saved to become available in other modules.

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### The **Open session** button

It is possible to open a session in Read Only mode if the session is scheduled for a different date than today, if the patient has not been checked in, or if the treatment has been delivered.

Click the **Open session** button to view the treatment session selected in the appointment schedule, without navigating to the next module.



### The Start session button

Click the **Start session** button to start the treatment session selected in the appointment schedule, without navigating to the next module.

Click on the arrow to start the selected treatment session and navigate to the next module (**Preparation**).

#### The Continue session button

A session that has terminated due to a severe error can be started again to continue the ongoing session. The user must decide how to proceed and what steps must be taken regarding the imaging and registration, and if relevant also regarding delivered dose. For more information, see *Severe* error on page 76.

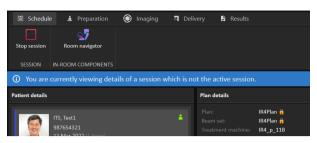
### Workflow

For a treatment session to start, the patient must be checked in from RayCare and there must be no beam set validation errors.

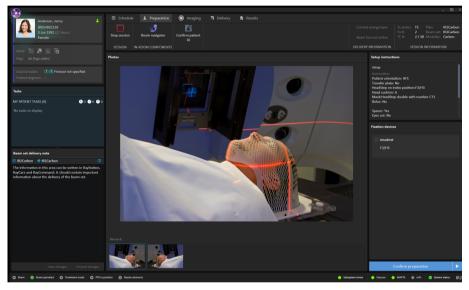
Validation errors and warnings are shown in the **Schedule** module. If the beam set has validation warnings, it is still possible to start the treatment session but the warnings must be overridden.

To start a session, select the appointment tile in the schedule and click the **Start session** button.

**Note:** A message will be displayed if another session than the active session is selected.



# 5.2.2 Preparation module



# Setup note panel

The Setup note panel displays the setup notes created during setup in RayCare.



#### WARNING!

**Ensure using correct aperture block.** When a treatment plan requires the use of an aperture block, the user must ensure that the correct block is used and mounted correctly.

RayCommand does not store information about whether the aperture block is in place or is correctly positioned.

The clinic is advised to record the aperture block information during planning, either as a beam set note in RayStation or a setup instruction in RayCare.

(930953)

### Fixation devices panel

The **Fixation devices** panel displays a checklist of all devices to be used for patient positioning, defined during setup in RayCare. When a fixation device has been applied, the corresponding checkbox must be selected. If all checkboxes are not selected the user must save a statement of why all fixation devices are not used.

### Photos panel

The **Photos** panel displays the photos taken in RayCare during setup of the patient. If several photos are available, they are listed as thumbnails horizontally at the bottom. Select a thumbnail to display the photo in the panel.

### Confirm preparation button

Click the **Confirm preparation** button to confirm that the patient setup has been performed as instructed. If all listed fixation devices have not been checked, a reason for this must be provided and signed before preparation can be confirmed.

Clicking the button will confirm the setup without navigating to the next module. Clicking on the arrow will confirm the patient setup and navigate to the next module (**Imaging**).

### Confirm patient ID

Click the **Confirm patient ID** button after verifying that the identity of the patient in the room matches the patient for which the session is started. The patient ID must have been confirmed before setup images can be acquired.

#### Workflow

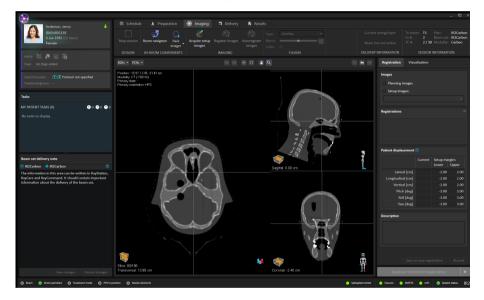
- 1. Verify the identity of the patient and then click the Confirm patient ID button.
- 2. Click the Room navigator button to open the Room navigator dialog.
- 3. Select the pre-defined target position for patient setup.

- 4. Click the buttons on the control console to execute the move of the patient positioner to the selected target position.
- 5. Apply the listed fixation devices. Verify the application of each device by selecting the corresponding checkbox.
- 6. Position the patient according to the photos and the setup instructions in the setup note.
- 7. Click the Confirm preparation button to confirm that the patient setup is correct.

### 5.2.3 Imaging module

In the **Imaging** module it is possible to acquire setup images for registration of the patient position.

It is possible to stop a session up until the setup images are acquired. Acquiring the images will deliver dose to the patient and each delivery should be stored in PACS.



#### Image area

By default, the image area displays the planning CT image from the plan. When setup images have been acquired, and a registration between the planning images and the setup images has been performed, the fusion between the planning images and the setup images using the selected registration is displayed in the views.



# Acquire image workflow

When clicking the **Acquire image** button, a dialog is opened.

Acquire image	×
Setup beam:	
CD_1	
Edit Revert changes	
	Planar
Imaging angles [deg]:	0.0, 90.0
Imaged volume center [cm]:	x: -0.04 y: 33.15 z: 21.44
Imaged volume size [cm]:	Sx: 6.00 Sy: 9.00 Sz: 6.00
	THORAX
Patient vitals:	
Patient height [cm]:	170.0
Patient weight [kg]:	75.0
	Acquire image Cancel

Under **Setup beam**, the settings for the setup image are shown, including information about the imaging procotol (determining whether X-ray or CBCT image will be acquired), the field-of-view and

the body site selected in RayStation for the setup image. It is possible to modify the imaging angles, the field-of-view (imaged volume center and size), the imaging protocol and the body site before acquiring images. Note that the changes will only affect the next image acquisition; the changes will not be propagated to subsequent sessions.

To edit the imaging parameters:

- 1. Select the desired setup beam.
- 2. Click Edit. This opens the Edit setup beam dialog.

Edit setup beam	1		×
	t acquisition, an	p beam will only nd will not be sav	
CD_1			
Planar			
Imaging angles			
0.0	90.0		
Imaged volume			
-0.04	79.85	18.74	
Imaged volume Sx [cm]:	Sy [cm]:	Sz [cm]:	
6.00	9.00	6.00	
SKULL			
		ОК	Cancel

- 3. Edit the imaging parameters.
- Note:RayCommand does not show a visual representation of the imaging parameters.Extra caution must be taken to ensure that the updated parameters will result in a<br/>suitable setup image.

Under **Patient vitals** the patient height and weight to be sent to the imaging system are shown. These values are retrieved from the latest height and weight measurements available in RayCare. If the values do not exist, or if a connection to RayCare could not be established, the dialog will prompt the user for manual input. Note: Height and weight are retrieved from RayCare when the Acquire image button is clicked. If modifications to height and/or weight are done in RayCare while the Acquire image dialog is still open, these changes will not be reflected. Hence, if any vitals need to be updated before acquiring the image, new measurements must be entered in RayCare and the Acquire image dialog closed and re-opened.

## Adjusting image quality

To be able to compare the planning CT images and the daily setup images when performing the registration, the visualization settings may need to be adjusted. This is done from the **Visualization** tab to the right, where both the setup and planning image quality can be adjusted. For ease-of-use, it is possible to create templates for the images acquired at the clinic. It is recommended to create different templates for different body sites.

To improve the visibility of bone structures, a bone enhancement attenuation factor can be adjusted in the DRR settings to further highlight the higher density. It is also possible to improve the visibility of markers, by highlighting densities above a specific HU threshold. This is done by loading a template where *UseMarker* is set to *true* and *MarkerThreshold* is set to a specific HU threshold value.

### Flip fusion pattern

To flip the fusion pattern, do one of the following:

- Click the Flip pattern button in the tool panel.
- Press the Space key when the image view is in focus.

For the fusion type **Overlay**, flipping the pattern will invert the fusion slider.



Figure 2. The Flip pattern button is found on the right side of the fusion slider.

# Image settings CBCT

Registration Visualization	
Images: 🔿 🗖 Planning 💿 🗖 Setup	
Level/window	
Preset: Custom	
Level [HU]:	
•	
Window [HU]:	
•	1888

Available planning CT settings:

- Level/Window presets
- Level/Window

Available CBCT settings:

- Level/Window presets
- Level/Window

# Image settings X-ray

### Available DRR settings

The following options are available in the DRR settings.

- Invert
- MIP
- Crop to ROI
- Level/Window preset
- Level
- Window
- Filter
  - Edge detection
  - Sharpening
- Use custom values
- Threshold presets
- Threshold
- Bone Enhancement
- Gamma



# Available RT image settings

The following options are available in the RT image settings:

- Invert
- Level/Window preset
- Level
- Window
- Filter
  - Edge detection
  - Sharpening
- Gamma
- Apply CLAHE filter

Registration	Visualization	
Images: 🔾 📕	Planning 💿 🗖 Setup	
	Load template	
🗆 Invert		
Level/window		
Preset: Defa	ult	
Level:		
Window:	• 0.5	D
window:	• 1.0	
Filter		
None		
Other		
Gamma:		
	• 1.0	
Apply CLAH	E filter	

#### Invert

This setting inverts the DRR or RTimage to display dark bones on a bright background, aligning it with the DRR settings in RayStation. This is the opposite of the **Invert** in previous versions of RayCommand.

This invert setting is disabled by default.



Figure 3. Inverted DRR image: Dark bones on bright background.



Figure 4. Non-inverted DRR image: Bright bones on dark background.

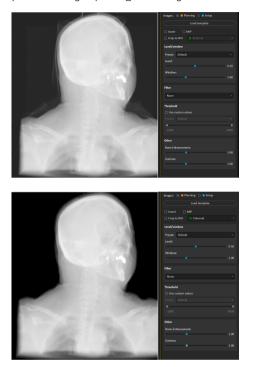
# MIP

The MIP option can be enabled to display a maximum intensity projection of the CT image.



### Crop to ROI

It is possible to crop to the Region of Interest (ROI) that is selected from the drop-down list. This feature allows focusing on and enhancing specific areas of the image by cropping out unnecessary parts, thereby improving the clarity and relevance of the displayed region.



#### Level/Window

The level/window functionality is used to adjust the contrast and brightness of the DRR or RT image, and operates on pixel values in the 0-1 range.

Preset level/window values are available in the drop-down menu, and the level/window can also be adjusted with a slider or with the level/window tool. Moving the level/window tool horizontally while pressing the left mouse button adjusts the contrast, whereas moving the tool vertically adjusts the brightness.

Level/window is applied after thresholding and bone enhancement.

#### Edge detection

The edge detection filter calculates the pixel intensity gradients with central differences and displays the gradient magnitude as an image, where brighter regions correspond to stronger gradients (i.e., edges).

The brightness of the resulting image can be scaled with the amount slider to make edges more visible, where 0 is minimal brightness and 1 maximal brightness.

Edge detection is applied after the gamma filter.



Figure 5. A pelvic DRR image without edge detection.

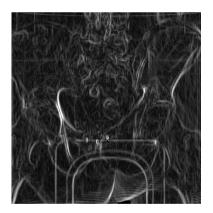


Figure 6. The same pelvic DRR as above, with edge detection enabled (amount set to 0.4).

#### Sharpening

The sharpening filter uses the unsharp masking algorithm to sharpen edges in the image.

The strength of the filter can be adjusted with the amount slider, where 0 means that no sharpening is applied and 1 is maximal sharpening. Figure drr\_sharpening\_disabled.png shows a pelvic DRR without sharpening, whereas Figure drr\_sharpening\_enabled.png shows the same DRR image with sharpening enabled and sharpening amount set to 0.4.

Sharpening is applied after the gamma filter.



Figure 7. A pelvic DRR image without sharpening.



**Figure 8.** The same DRR image as above, with sharpening enabled (amount set to 0.4).

#### Marker highlighting

It is possible to improve the visibility of markers by highlighting voxels above a specific HU value. This can be configured by loading a template where *UseMarker* is set to *true* and *MarkerThreshold* is set to a specific HU threshold, typically >2000 HU. The voxels with a HU value above *MarkerThreshold* will be highlighted. See *Appendix D RT image and DRR templates* for instructions on creating and loading templates.

By default, marker highlighting is enabled and highlights voxels with HU values above 2750 HU.

Marker highlighting is available for DRR only.



Figure 9. A DRR image with marker highlighting enabled.



Figure 10. The same DRR image as above, with marker highlighting disabled.

#### Threshold

Thresholding can be applied on the DRR, to only display CT voxels within a specified Hounsfield unit (HU) range.

Preset threshold values are available in the drop-down menu for soft tissue, soft bone, and hard bone, and the upper and lower thresholds can also be adjusted with a slider. When using thresholding it is recommended to first set the level/window function to the **Default** preset; that is, the identity level/window 0.5/1.0.

Thresholding is available for DRR only.



Figure 11. Thresholding for soft tissue, soft bone and hard bone.

#### Bone enhancement

It is possible to adjust the bone enhancement factor to increase or decrease the contrast between bone and other tissue types in a DRR image.

The bone enhancement factor has the range 0-3 and is used to scale the linear attenuation values that are derived from voxel HU values during DRR generation. This affects how much of the (simulated) incoming X-ray beam intensity that is absorbed by a particular tissue type. The default value of the bone enhancement factor is 1, which corresponds to applying no bone enhancement on the DRR.

The figures below demonstrate the impact of applying bone enhancement factor (BEF) to an anterior DRR image, where the contrast between bone and surrounding tissue is low due to occlusion by fat and soft tissue. By increasing the BEF from 1 to 3.0, the visibility of bone structures is significantly improved.

Bone enhancement is applied before level/window and is available for DRR only.



**Figure 12.** Anterior DRR image, with bone enhancement (BEF = 3.0).



**Figure 13.** Anterior DRR image, without bone enhancement (BEF = 1.0).

#### Gamma

The gamma filter is a non-linear contrast enhancement filter that applies a power-law (gamma) transformation  $I'(x,y) = I(x,y)^{\gamma}$  on the pixel intensity values I(x,y). The gamma parameter  $\gamma$  can be adjusted with a slider and has the range 0-3, where 1 is the default value and corresponds to applying no contrast enhancement. Typically,  $\gamma$  should be set to a value between 0.5 and 1 to increase the contrast of bone.

The gamma filter is applied after Level/Window.



**Figure 14.** An anterior DRR image, without gamma correction  $(\gamma = 1)$ .



**Figure 15.** The same DRR image as above, with  $\gamma$  set to 0.5.

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### Enhance local contrast (CLAHE)

It is possible to improve the visibility of the RT images by applying a CLAHE filter. The CLAHE filter will enhance the local contrast in the image to visualize detailed information/structures within the RT images, improving the data used for verifying that the registration is correct.

The filter is turned on by default, but can be turned off.



Figure 16. A pelvic RT image before CLAHE filter is applied.



Figure 17. The same RT image as above, with CLAHE filter applied.

### Registration panel

The Registration panel manages images and registrations for the current session.

If the daily setup image is an X-ray image, the X-ray series will be the primary series (displayed in blue) when performing registration, and the planning CT (such as DRR) will be the secondary (displayed in orange). When the daily setup image is a CBCT image, the CBCT series will be the secondary series (orange) and the planning CT will be primary (blue).

It is possible to select to show the ROIs and POIs for the plan, to make it easier to register the DRR against the daily setup image.

The correction vector will be shown in the section **Patient displacement**, together with the setup margins from RayStation. The correction vector is defined relative to the specified rotation point, which is by default taken as the center-of-mass of the primary prescription ROI.

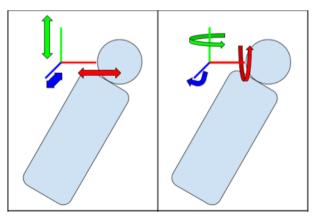
The registration can be modified by first clicking the rotation or translation tool icon in the top right corner, and then clicking and dragging using the left mouse button in the registration view.

It is also possible to move and rotate the registration with a fixed step size, one direction at a time, using the arrow keys with the corresponding tool. The same operation can be done using a smaller step size, by holding down the Shift key while using the arrow keys (see also the table below).

It is possible to lock the translation and rotation to a fixed axis: Lateral, longitudinal and vertical axis. These axes are defined both relative to the treatment room and to the patient (see Figure 18 and Figure 19). The keyboard shortcuts for each axis are shown in the table below.

If the patient displacement exceeds the configured tolerance, a yellow border will appear around the images and a warning icon will be shown in the **Registration** tab header, with associated tooltip.





**Figure 18.** Translation and rotation axes as defined by the treatment room. Axes are longitudinal (green), lateral (red) and vertical (blue).

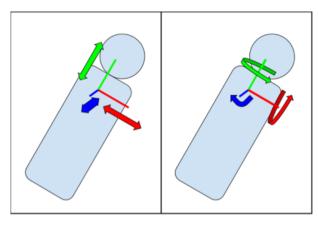


Figure 19.Translation and rotation axes as defined by the patient. Axes are longitudinal (green),<br/>lateral (red) and vertical (blue).

### Registration keyboard shortcuts:

Description	Keyboard shortcut key
Lock translation/rotation to lateral axis (relative to treatment room)	Q
Lock translation/rotation to longitudinal axis (relative to treatment room)	W
Lock translation/rotation to vertical axis (rela- tive to treatment room)	E
Lock translation/rotation to lateral axis (relative to patient)	A
Lock translation/rotation to longitudinal axis (relative to patient)	S
Lock translation/rotation to vertical axis (rela- tive to patient)	D
Rotation registration tool	R
Translation registration tool	Т
Transform image with fixed step size	Arrow keys
Transform image with smaller fixed step size	Shift + Arrow keys
Undo last transformation	Ctrl+Z
Redo last transformation	Ctrl+Y
Zoom tool	Ctrl

Description	Keyboard shortcut key
Pan tool	Shift
Move fusion pattern tool	Alt
Flip fusion pattern	Space
Next image	Ν
Previous image	Р

### Undo and redo registration transformations

To undo transformations to the registration, do one of the following:

- Click the **Undo** button in the tool panel.
- Press Ctrl+Z.

To redo registration transformations that were undone, do one of the following:

- Click the **Redo** button in the tool panel.
- Press Ctrl+Y.





### WARNING!

**Review automatic registration.** Always ensure that the automatic registration between the setup images and the planning CT is acceptable by manually reviewing the result.

(344618)

#### Acquire new images

It is possible to acquire several images and save several different registrations.

It is only possible to approve one registration at a time. Before a new registration can be approved, the previously approved registration must be unapproved. However, it is possible to acquire a new image and save a registration.

All saved registrations can be seen when opening an already delivered session.

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# Workflow (MedAustron)

- 1. Click the Room navigator button to open the Room navigator dialog.
- 2. Select a pre-defined target position for imaging.
- 3. Use the control console to execute the move of the patient positioner to the selected target position.
- 4. Click the Acquire setup image button to request an image acquisition from the MedPhoton Controls system. If setup beams are available with an imaging device selected and an imaged volume defined, a protocol for the image acquisition can be selected from the list of setup beams. The angle offsets defined in the protocol are applied to the gantry angle of the setup beam to calculate the imaging angles, and the imaging volume corresponds to the volume of interest in the MedPhoton Controls system.
- 5. Perform imaging acquisition in the MedPhoton application.
- 6. Click the **Register Images** button.
- 7. (Optional) Select ROIs or POIs to be shown, to facilitate the registration.
- 8. If needed, manually adjust the registration by using the registration tools available in the image area.
- 9. Add a description for the registration and confirm saving.
- 10. Save the modified registration by clicking the Save as new registration button.
- 11. (Optional) Click the **Autoregister images** button. The **Create autoregistration** dialog is opened where the user can select the **Focus ROI** (determining the focus region for the registration).

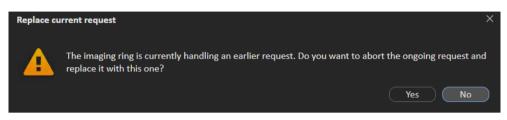
When performing registration with X-ray images, the registration **Strategy** (**Head & Neck** or **Pelvis/Thorax**) can be selected. The strategy determines which algorithm should be used, and is set to **Pelvis/Thorax** for pelvis/thorax cases and to **Head & Neck** for head/neck cases.

For CBCT registration, only the **Focus ROI** option is available.

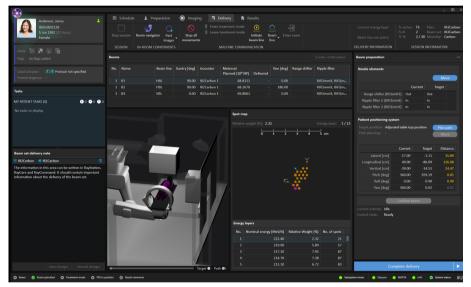
Create autoregi	stration	×
Focus ROI: 🛈	RegistrationJHOnew	-
Strategy: 🛈	Default	-
	Create autoregistration Can	cel

- 12. Click Create autoregistration.
- 13. Move imager to a parking position that is not colliding with the treatment position ('Park Imager').
- 14. Click the Approve treatment registration button to approve the registration for treatment.

**Note:** If the user requests to acquire an image, to move the imager or to register an image during an already ongoing request, a dialog will inform the user about the ongoing request. It is recommended to wait for the request to finalize or to cancel the request in the medPhoton console.



# 5.2.4 Delivery module



### Beams panel

The Beams panel displays a list of beams for the plan.

The fields represent the planned values of the beam, with the exception of **Delivered Meterset (%)** and **Status**. When a beam has been successfully delivered, it is marked with a green checkmark in the beam list. When a beam has been partially or overdelivered, it is marked with a warning symbol in the beam list.

The spot map shows the positions of the specified spots in the energy layer selected in the **Energy layers** table.

### Beam preparation panel

The **Beam preparation** panel displays the status for the beam currently selected in the **Beams** panel, and the devices that have been prepared for delivery of this beam.

The Gantry and Snout boxes are only shown in a room that has a gantry and a movable snout.

Before setting the nozzle elements the first time after a restart of RayCommand or ExaCure, the nozzle element codes need to be read from the **Subsystem commands** dialog available from the application menu or by accessing the context menu in the header of the **Beam preparation** panel.

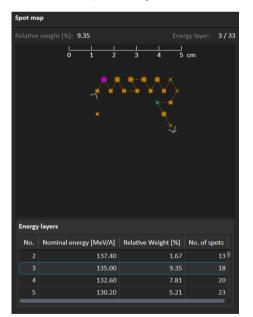


### Room view panel

The **Room view** panel displays the in-room components and their positions in the room. When a session is started, the room view also shows the ROIs that are defined as collision structures, i.e., structures accounted for in the collision check.

#### Spot map panel

The **Spot map** panel displays spot positions for the selected energy layer. The current layer is marked with a blue box. The heaviest and lightest spots per layer are colored with purple and blue. The direction of the spot delivery order is indicated with entrance and exit spot.



# Complete delivery button

Click the **Complete delivery** button to complete the delivery and set the status for the treatment session to **Delivered** or **Partially delivered** without navigating to the next module. Click on the arrow

to complete delivery and navigate to the next module (**Results**). It is possible to undo the **Complete delivery** action by accessing the context menu in the header of the **Beam preparation** panel.

### **Continuation sessions**

If a beam has been interrupted it is possible to continue the delivery, either in the current session or as a new session.

The continuation session can be planned to continue either from the next spot, from the next energy layer or from the next beam in the plan.

If the delivery can be continued within the current session, a continuation session is created by clicking on the **Create continuation** button above the beam list. The beamline then needs to be re-initiated, and the continuation can be started.

Create	continuation			×
	The last beam delivery att	empt was not succe	ssful	
			B1	
		Prescribed	Applied	
	Meterset [10 <sup>6</sup> NP]	8034.3921	3621.6871	
	Energy layers	33		
	Spots in layer	36	8	
	Total no. of spots	549	168	
	Create a continuation star	ting from the next		
	Spot in energy layer			
	C Energy layer			
	) Beam			
			8034.3921 10 <sup>6</sup> N	IP
			3621.6871 10 <sup>6</sup> N	IP
			4412.7050 10 <sup>6</sup> N	P
			8034.3921 10 <sup>6</sup> N	IP (100.00 %)
				Create Cancel

															_ @ >
<b>W</b>	<u>ه</u>	Schedule 🛓		🛞 Imaç	ina 71	Delivery	B R								
Anderson, Jenny Atterno, Jenny 10554892138 5 Jun 1992 (32 Years) Female		p session Room nav		t Stop al moveme	Enter Enter	treatmen treatmer	t mode t mode	Dittate eam line				Current energy layer			IR2Carbon Iset: IR2Carbon Ility: Carbon MATION
Merts: 👫 🔊 👘	Bean											Beam preparation			
				Gantry (deg)		Meters	it i (10 <sup>6</sup> NP)	Delivered	Yaw [deg]	Range shifter		Nozzle elements			
	- 1				IR2Carbon 1			A .			RiFi2mmX, RiFi2			•	V Dene
					IR2Carbon 1			A 45.9			RiFi2mmX, RiFi2				Target
Tasks												Range shifter (RS		0	
MY PATIENT TASKS (0)					IR2Carbon 1							Ripple filter 1 (RiF			
							Spot map								
												Patient positioning s	ystem		
													usted table top	position (	Plan path
					s. //			0	1 2	3 4	5 cm			(	✓ Done
Beam set delivery note	16	111											Current	Target	Distance
🗄 IR2Carbon 🐳 IR2Carbon 🕕 🕕												Lateral (cm)	-1.05	-1.05	0.00
The information in this area can be written in RayStation,												Longitudinal (cm)	-85.56	-1.06	
RayCare and RayCommand. It should contain important information about the delivery of the beam set.			_			/						Vertical [cm]	-17.91	-17.91	
												Pitch [deg]	1.84	1.84	
			R									Roll [deg]			
			9									Yaw [deg]		359.99	
			100	1.1	V										
	72												Confirm be	am	
	1				7		Energy lay					Ourrent activity: Idle			
									sy [MeV/A]	Relative Weight			tment		
			_		Target 🥌 Pat	h Đ							omplete deliv	ery	Þ
Deam     Room patroled     Deatment mode     P25 in	and then	A North elements										retera errara	MAPLA	nis 🛛	System status IR
											<b>•</b>				in the

If the continuation of the delivery will be done in a new session, the user must first leave treatment mode and complete the delivery, then sign the session in the **Results** module. The checkmark indicates that the rest of the beam must be planned in a new session.

When the session has been scheduled in RayCare and later starts in RayCommand again, the user must select how to create the continuation session by clicking on the **Create continuation** button above the beam list. The **Create continuation** dialog contains information about how much dose that should be delivered, has been delivered and is left to deliver.

The spot map for the partially delivered beam is not shown until the continuation has been created.

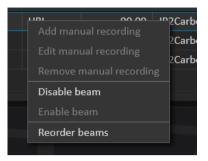
If the **Confirm beam** button was activated but no treatment records are received, a dialog will be shown prompting the user to perform a manual recording if necessary.



# Manual recording

In case the treatment record is not delivered from the beam delivery system, it is possible to manually record the delivered dose in RayCommand.

1. Right-click on the beam that has been delivered.



 Enter the last delivered energy layer and spot, i.e., how much of the beam was delivered, and the time of delivery. RayCommand will record the dose as delivered according to the plan, up to the specified layer and spot, and when the delivery was made.

Add manual recording	×
	1
	b1g90c0
	16 Feb 2023 🗰 14 48 Now
Last energy layer (read from MTCP):	15
Last spot (read from MTCP):	34
	17034.9454 10 <sup>6</sup> NP
	5424.9351 10 <sup>6</sup> NP
	5424.9351 10 <sup>6</sup> NP (31.85 %)
	Add Cancel

If no treatment record is received after a delivery, RayCommand will be in **Degraded** mode until the treatment has been manually recorded.

A manual recording can be edited or removed. If a continuation has been created, a warning text informs the user that only the recorded dose is affected.

#### Disabling or enabling a beam

A beam with status **Not delivered** can be disabled from delivery. Disabled beams will not be included when initiating the beamline. Disabled beams have status **Disabled**. A disabled beam can be enabled.

Disabling and enabling of beams can only be done when beam delivery system is in an idle state.

To disable or enable a beam, right-click on the beam and select Disable beam or Enable beam.

### **Reordering beams**

The delivery order of the beams in a plan can be changed. For example, the beams can be reordered to deliver all beams from the same angle or patient position at once.

The new beam order is entered as a comma-separated list of beam numbers. All beams planned for the session must be listed.

The new beam order will only be used for the ongoing session and will have to be re-entered in other sessions, or in a continuation session after a severe error. The comma-separated list can be saved in the beam set note to be easily accessible for the next session.

Reorder beams	×	
Beam order:		
3,1,2		
Enter numbers of all beams in the session separated by commas in the desired order. (e.g. 1,3,2)		
Reorder Reset order Cance	2	

### Workflow - MedAustron

- 1. Click the Room navigator button to open the Room navigator dialog.
- 2. Select the target position for the beam.

The motion planning bar shows the progress status.

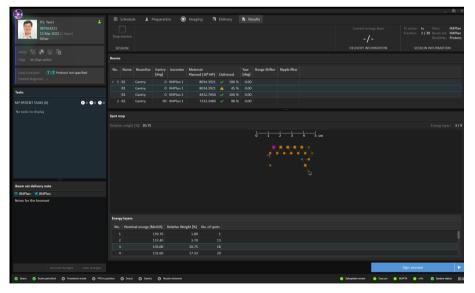
- 3. Use the control console to move the patient positioner to the selected target position.
- 4. Click the **Set nozzle elements** button to set the position of the nozzle elements to the planned position.
- 5. Click the **Initiate** button in the **Gantry/Snout** section to rotate the gantry to the target position (if applicable).
- 6. Move the PPS:
  - a. Click **Initiate** to perform the path planning.
  - b. Review the planned path.
  - c. Click **Execute** to move the PPS to treatment position.
- 7. Click the Move snout button to prepare the snout and move it to the target position (if applicable).

- 8. Click the **Enter treatment mode** button in the toolbar to lock all devices and set them in treatment mode.
- 9. If performing an eye treatment: Attach the pipe before confirming the beam.
- 10. Click the **Confirm beam** button to prepare the beam for delivery. Use the treatment control console to deliver the beam. If machine parameter verification fails, a dialog will be shown with the status of all invalid parameters or required overrides. If any previous beams have been overdelivered, a dialog will be shown stating which beams have been overdelivered.
- 11. When all beams are delivered, click the **Complete delivery** button to set the status for the treatment session to delivered. If any previous beams have been overdelivered, a dialog will be shown stating which beams have been overdelivered.

**Note:** It is not possible to confirm the beam if the imaging ring is not parked at the end of the couch, unless the room is configured for an eye treatment.



## 5.2.5 Results module



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## Beams panel

The **Beams** panel displays the list of beams that are to be delivered. Beams that have already been delivered are indicated by a green checkmark.

When hovering over the percent sign (%) for a delivered beam in the **Delivery** column, the number of delivered NP and the time of the delivery are shown.

Bear	Beams													
No		Name	Beamline	Gantry [deg]	lsocenter	Meterset Planned [10 <sup>6</sup> NP]	Deli	vered	Yaw [deg]	Range Shifter	Ripple filter			
		B1	Gantry		IR4Plan 1	8034.3921		100 %	0.00					
		B1	Gantry		IR4Plan 1	8034.3921	A	45 %	0.00					
		B1	Gantry		IR4Plan 1	4412.7050		100 %	0.00	1.11 1.0.000	5074 405 100			
		B2	Gantry	90	IR4Plan 1	7233.3480		98 %	Partially delivered 3621.6871 10 <sup>6</sup> NP out of 8034.3921 10 <sup>6</sup> NP (45.08 %) Time of delivery: 02 Jul 2023, 17:05:24					

## Spot map panel

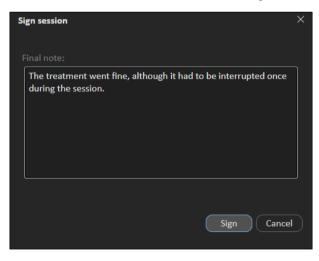
The Spot map panel displays delivered spots per energy layers.

## Sign session button

Click the **Sign session** button to complete the treatment session without navigating to the next module. Click on the arrow to complete the treatment session and navigate back to the first module **(Schedule)**.

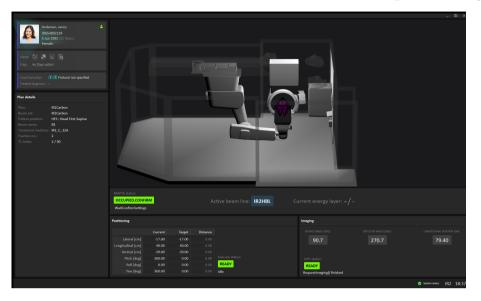
It is possible to enter a final note for the session. This note will also be shown in RayCare.

It is also possible to select if a continuation session should be created if the session was not fully delivered. The session needs to be scheduled in RayCare.



## 5.3 MACHINE MONITOR

The content on the Machine monitor complements the information on the Main monitor, with real time information from inside the treatment room.



The Machine monitor requires no interaction from the user but is used for viewing information only.

## 5.3.1 Patient information panel

The **Patient information** panel displays information about the patient associated with the current session.

#### Irradiation status

The **Irradiation status** panel shows the current status of the irradiation system and which beamline that occupied the synchrotron.

During the irradiation the 'Radiation on' icon is active, and the progress of the beam (delivery of the energy layer information) is shown.

#### 5.3.2 Patient positioning system

The coordinates for the patient positioner show the current position of the patient positioner, the goal of the movement (also known as the target position) and the estimated distance between them.

**Note:** The actual distance may differ from the estimated distance if the calculated trajectory is not straight due to collision detection.

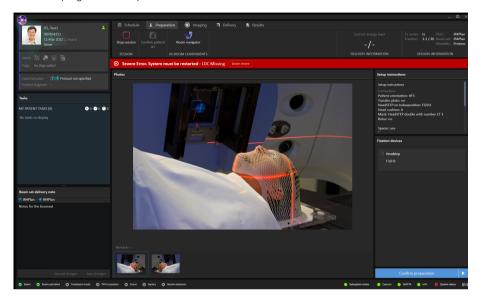
## 5.3.3 Imaging system

The current status of the imaging system is shown (including the current angle of the imager source and detector, and the current longitudinal position of the imaging ring).

# 5.4 SYSTEM HEALTH

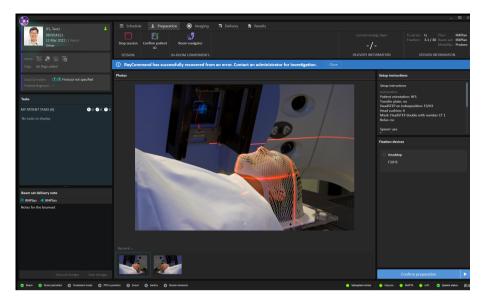
#### Severe error

If part of RayCommand has encountered a severe error, RayCommand will enter Error mode. A banner will be displayed at the top of the monitors.



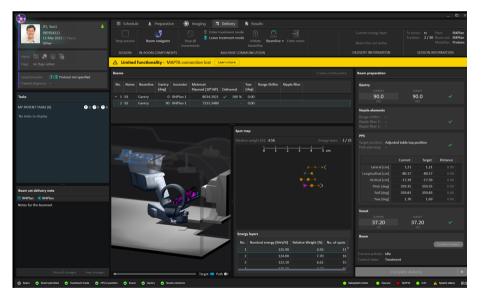
Interaction with a currently open session in the Main monitor will be limited, and the session state will be set to failed. An additional banner will be shown until the session has been stopped or completed.

To resolve the issue the services need to be restarted. After restart, the Main monitor will again allow full interaction and the banner with the error message can be closed.



## Degraded mode

If an external system encounters an error, RayCommand will enter **Degraded** mode. A banner with a message is displayed:



Interaction in **Degraded** mode is as normal, but interaction with external systems in faulty state will not be possible.

#### Continue session after severe error

When the system has been restarted after a severe error, and thereby recovered from error mode, the interrupted session can be continued by clicking on the **Continue session** button.

The user must confirm that the session is in the correct state by reviewing the **Continue session** dialog and responding as appropriate.

The position of the patient must be evaluated to determine whether it is still appropriate to use images and registrations acquired before the session interruption.

If the beam was confirmed, but no treatment record was received, the user must either confirm that no dose was delivered or manually record the delivered dose.

Continue session summary	Y						×		
This session was interrupted. Review and complete the information below to continue:									
	Treatment series: TEST (TST)								
Smith, J				3					
212316 12 Dec 3	66 1943 (80 Years)			3/5					
Male				Plan					
				Plan BS					
				Carbon					
				Carbon					
Preparation									
Has the patient setup cha	anged since the sess	sion was inte	errupted? 🕕						
⊖ Yes ⊖ No									
Imaging ()									
Time	Event								
20 Jun 2024, 13:48:52	Acquired Radiogra	iph			Acquired images older than 10 minutes				
20 Jun 2024, 13:49:10	Saved registration	[setup imag	up images used: Radiograph 20 Jun 2024, 13:48:52]			Acquired images older than 10 minutes			
20 Jun 2024, 13:49:32	Saved registration	[setup imag	ges used: Rad	iograph 20 Jun 2024, 13:48:52]	Acquired im	ages older thar	10 minutes		
20 Jun 2024, 13:49:40	Approved registrat	tion (registr	zistration saved at: 20 Jun 2024, 13:49:32]			ages older thar	10 minutes		
		_	_		_	_			
Delivery 🕕									
	delivery order has b	een reset. A	nv disabled b	eams have been re-enabled.					
Time	Event	Beam no.	Beam name		Beam line	Gantry [deg]	Yaw [deg]		
20 Jun 2024, 13:51:57	Beam confirmed		В		HBL	90.00	1011-[0-8]		
A Beam no. 1 (B) was co Be aware that in case				as delivered. be recieved by RayCommand.					
Has any meterset been d									
⊖ Yes ⊖ No									
I acknowledge the info	ormation provided a	above and w	ill take appro	priate action.			, I		
							n Cancel		

A QA session cannot be restarted after a severe error.

#### Session error

On rare occasions, a started session may be unable to continue because of an error, e.g., a session is opened and the RT plan cannot be fetched from PACS. If this happens, an orange banner is shown to indicate that the session needs to be restarted.

	Preparation	🛞 Imaging 🗐 Delivery 🖪 Results			
	Room navigator		sam Enter room		Tx series: TS1 Plan: Plan 1 Fx II: 1 Beam set: Default beamset TC II: 1/40 Modality: Protons
Stop the	session • A session e	ror has occurred. Close			
Beams				eate continuation Beam preparation	
No. Name	Beam line Gantry Is	center Meterset Yaw Range shi	fter Ripple filter	Gantry	

## System status

Along the bottom of the main monitor, interlock and system status is displayed. This information is helpful to get a quick overview of the current state. Tooltips about subsystems show detailed status.

To see the status of each subsystem, the user can access the **Subsystems** dialog from the status bar. A list of any current errors per subsystem can also be viewed here.

Syste	m status			×	Syst	em status			×
	Name	State	Status			Name	State	Status	
•	DRIVER	ок ок			•	DRIVER	Degraded	EXACURE connection lost MAPTA connection lost	
0	MOTION	ок			0	LDC	ок		
0	MPV	ОК			0	MOTION	ОК		
0	RSM	ОК			0	MPV	ОК		
0	SSM	ок			0	RSM	ОК		
	I		C	lose	•	SSM	ок		Close

Syster	m status		X
	Name	State	Status
0	DRIVER	ОК	
0	HUB	ОК	
8	LDC	Error	LDC Missing
0	MOTION	ОК	
0	MPV	ОК	
0	RSM	ОК	
0	SSM	ОК	
			Close

# 5.5 PATIENT POSITIONING

The patient positioning tools are located to the right of the toolbar and are available from all modules. Use these tools to control the position of the patient positioner.

## 5.5.1 Room navigator - MedAustron

Click the Room navigator button in the toolbar to open the Room navigator dialog.

## Room view panel

The **Room view** panel is always displayed when the **Room navigator** is opened. The **Room view** panel displays the in-room components and their positions in the room. When a session is started, the room view also shows the ROIs that are defined as collision structures, i.e., structures accounted for in the collision check. The structures are shown with the same colors as specified in RayStation.

Room navigator				
	Patient positioning system			
	Imaging Position 0			
	Imaging Position 180			
	Couchswap			
	Parking Position 0			
	Parking Position 180			
	Target position: Imaging	Position 0		
		Current	Target	Distance
			40.00	
			-39.00	
	Pitch [deg]		0.00	
			0.00	
	Yaw [deg]	275.60	0.00	84.40
	Linear axis [cm]	58.30	126.00	67.70
	Other 👻		Move	
		<ul> <li>Succes</li> </ul>		
🌖 Target 🧠 Path 🌑				
Clear PPS errors Stop all movements				
Current activity: Idle				
Control state: Ready				
				Close

The information in the **Room view** is controlled via the mouse and keyboard as summarized in the table below.

Keys	
------	--

Kau	Function	Description
Кеу	Function	Description
Left mouse button	Rotate camera	Rotates the camera to view the room from different angles.
Mouse wheel	Zoom in/out	Zooms in/out to get a closer or a more distant view of the room.
Space	Camera reset	Sets the camera to its default position.

Кеу	Function	Description
G	Show grid	Grid of isocentric planes.
Ctrl+1	Show collision models	Shows the convex hull geometries that are used in the Collision check.
Ctrl+2	Show spheres	Linear Axis Heuristic (LAH) spheres depicting the permissible minimum and maximum positions of the linear sliding overhead rail.

#### PPS tab

Available positions for the Patient Position System are either predefined at system setup or created based on the beams in the current plan. It is also possible to enter an ad hoc position in the target column for moving the PPS.

To move the Patient Positioning System (PPS) to a new position:

- 1. Select a position in the list of target positions, or enter an ad hoc position in the target column. The selected target position is visualized as a blue transparent target couch.
- 2. Press Initiate. The motion planning bar shows the progress of the path planning.
- 3. When a path has been calculated, the movement of the center of the couch can be seen as a green ribbon. It is possible to preview the calculated trajectory by dragging the slider displayed below the room view.
- 4. Press **Execute** and use the control console to execute the move.
- **Note:** The visualization of the path ribbon and the blue transparent target couch can be toggled by using the switch buttons below the room navigator.
- **Note:** The path planner will automatically decide whether the deterministic or non-deterministic path planner shall be used. To force the path planner to use the non-deterministic path planner, select Initiate path using non-deterministic planner in the Other menu.

To move the PPS without performing a collision check:

- 1. Select a position in the list of target positions, or enter an ad hoc position in the target column.
- 2. Click Other and select Execute movement without collision check from the menu.
- 3. Use the console to execute the move.

Coordinates for the patient positioner are shown in a table: current position, target position and the estimated distance between them. The same table is also displayed on the Machine monitor.

**Note:** Extra caution must be taken since the trajectory has not been verified to be possible to execute without a collision.

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Note:	It is only possible to move the PPS without performing a collision check if the distance is within a specified tolerance. This type of movement is locked to certain users and password protected.
Note:	The displayed distance from the start to target may increase and decrease several times before finally converging to the target. This is because the calculated trajectory may not be a straight line in the room.
Note:	The planned path will not be possible to execute if another in-room component has been moved since the path was planned.

#### Gantry/Snout

Positions for the gantry and snout are available for irradiation rooms with a gantry and movable snout. There are predefined parking positions and a possibility to enter ad hoc positions for the gantry angle and snout extension.

The gantry/snout will move to the initiated position when the control console is used for executing the move.

Room navigator					×
	PPS Gantry/S		le Imager Diagnostic		
	Gantry		Parking		
	0 [deg]				
	▶ 90 [deg]				
		90.00		90.00	
			90.00 Initiate		
	Snout				
			Parking		
	Retracted     Extended				
	Extended				
		37.20			
			37.20 Initiate		
● Target ● Path ●					
Current activity: Idle					
Control state: Ready					
					Close

#### Nozzle

Available positions for the nozzle filters (In or Out) can be set, and the positions initiated ad hoc. Initially in the grid, all positions are blank. Ad-hoc movements requires all positions to be set.

Room navigator				×
	Horizontal nozzle			
		Current position		
	Range shifter (RS3cmR1)			
	Ripple filter 1 (RiFi2mmX)		Out	
	Ripple filter 2 (RiFi2mmY)		Out	
		Mor		
	Vertical nozzle			
		Current position	Target position	
	Range shifter (RS3cmR1)			
	Ripple filter 1 (RiFi2mmX)			
	Ripple filter 2 (RiFi2mmY)			
		Mon		
● Target ● Path ●				
Clear PPS errors Stop all movements				
Current activity: Idle				
Control state: Ready				
				Close

#### Imager

Available positions for the imager are predefined at system setup. The position is sent directly to the imager system when a parking position is selected.

The imager will move to the selected position when the control console is used for executing the move.

Room navigator				×
	Imaging system			
		Parking Po		
			Parking Position 180	
		Longitudinal Movement		
	-120.00	180.		-40.00
	-120.00	18 <b>0.</b>		-40.00
● Target ● Path ●				
Clear PPS errors Stop all movements				
Current activity: Idle				
Control state: Ready				
				Close

## **Diagnostics**

The **Diagnostics** tab contains information nodes from external systems, to provide values for troubleshooting in RayCommand without the need of other tools.

## Collision check (only available in Physics mode)

The **Collision check** tab contains functionality for verifying the setup margins for a planned table top position.

- 1. Enter the rotation point position (in the table top coordinate system).
- 2. Enter the table top position corresponding to the nominal isocenter position to be verified (in the table top coordinate system).
- 3. Click **Initiate** to plan a path from the current position to the nominal table top position.
- 4. When a path has been successfully calculated, click **Execute** and use the console to execute the move.
- 5. When the table top has been moved to the nominal table top position, enter the shift to verify in the **Shift from isocenter** table.
- 6. Try to move the table top to the shifted target position, either by planning a path and executing this plan when successfully calculated, or by selecting to move the table top without performing a collision check. Take extra caution and stop before a collision occurs.
- 7. Read the current value of the shift from the **Current** column in the **Shift from isocenter** table.

## 5.5.2 Automatic motion planning

MedAustron installations of RayCommand provide support for automatic motion planning.

Without automatic motion planning, the PPS would take a direct path from start to target positions. When executed without supervision, the direct movement can result in physical contact between components such as in the following examples:

- Patient and nozzle
- Table Top with the nozzle
- Imager with the nozzle
- Imager C-arm with the robot arm

With the automatic motion planning feature enabled, when a target position is selected in the **Room navigator**, RayCommand automatically computes a collision-free PPS movement from the start position to the target position.

In both cases, the user must maintain visual contact of the PPS and anticipate collisions while executing the movement with the control console. See *Chapter 3 Information needed for safe operation* for relevant safety precautions.

#### Considerations for automatic motion planning

There are some important considerations for automatic motion planning.

RayCommand provides two motion planners:

#### • Deterministic planner

A rule-based planner runs if the PPS will yaw by more than 30 degrees (configurable) and is in a configurable volume around room isocenter.

The rules of this planner specify that the PPS first translates to the field shift arc, where it yaws around the room isocenter, keeping the HFS patient head still, and finally translates to the goal. This planner is deterministic; it produces the same movement every time, given the same start and goal positions. The path planning is quick, but the path cannot be adjusted to avoid collision. If RayCommand detects that the path would collide, an error message is displayed. In that case, the user must move the imager, gantry or snout to make the move possible, or select **Initiate path using non-deterministic planner** in the **Other** menu in the **Room navigator**.

#### Non-deterministic planner

A sampling-based planner runs if the PPS will yaw by less than 30 degrees (configurable) or is not in the configurable volume around room isocenter.

This motion planner samples for valid positions at random until enough positions have been found to move around obstacles. Because of the random sampling, this planner does not produce a deterministic solution. This means that if RayCommand plans a motion from position A to position B and later plans another motion from A to B, the second motion can be different than the first.

#### Timeouts

The planner is not guaranteed to produce a solution. RayCommand imposes a configurable timeout on the planning time, typically 10 seconds. The more constrained the physical space, the more likely this timeout will be reached. If this occurs, it is recommended to try again. If multiple timeouts occur, try changing the start or target position or opening up the physical space, such as by retracting the nozzle or parking the imager.

#### **Contact margins**

Motion planning performance is sensitive to the preconfigured contact margins, which specify how close objects can get and in what context. For example, when the PPS is moving, in a suggested configuration, the table top may only approach to 10 cm from the nozzle, but when the nozzle is moving, the nozzle could approach to 0.5 cm from the table top. The contact margins may differ by mode (Service, Physics, Clinical). For Clinical mode, they are locked after customer acceptance. Contact RaySearch if you wish to customize the contact margins for Clinical mode.

#### Handedness

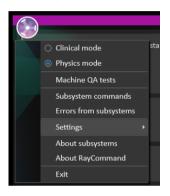
In some positions, the PPS robot arm can take a 'left' or 'right' handed configuration. Due to technical limitations, RayCommand cannot control which handedness the robot takes. As a rule of thumb, the system attempts to preserve the current handedness unless it is not physically feasible.

## 5.6 PHYSICS MODE

In Physics mode the user can perform the same activities as in Clinical mode, but the rules in Clinical mode do not apply in Physics mode (e.g., the user can perform activities in any order).

To perform quality assurance on scheduled plans:

1. Select **Physics mode** from the application menu.



RayCommand will now enter Physics mode. A colored frame is displayed as an indication of the Physics mode.

The schedule will be replaced with a list of scheduled plans for which quality assurance has not yet been performed. The QA list will include the plans with QA status **Pending QA delivery**, **Pending analysis** or **Failed measurements**. **Failed plans** and **Failed other** can be selected in RayCare but these plans will not be shown in the RayCommand QA list, nor will plans with QA status **Pass**.

( <del>)</del>			- 0
No treatment session started.	Imaging     The preparation     Imaging     The preparation       Imaging     Imaging     Imaging     The preparation       Imaging     Imaging     Imaging     Imaging       Imaging     Ima	9 Results	Current energy layer Fa R: Beam line not active DELIVERY INFORMATION SESSION INFORMATION
	Patient details	Plan details	Beam set delivery note
Catel Care plan: Treated dagnose: - Beam sets pending QA Q. Jenny Next treatment -	Anderson, Jenny Discase2128 Familie Familie Anderson, Jenny Familie Anderson, Jenny Familie Anderson, Jenny	Fluic         BOachon B           Sean std:         BOachon B           Testment studies:         R2_C_12A           Modally:         Carlos           Testment studies:         PHS Head Parts Sapine           O'A dially studies:         PHS Head Parts Sapine           O'A dially studies:         Physical Outdeway	III INCLUENCE: 41 ROCARION 1 HOUSENESS OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTIO
ienny koleman II i la 201, (9.36		Homina danshardine 2 di gene fandoto (RRI). Deu et 98 Xvolume in PTX Voldarion atom: ■ Voldarion unconsti	
			Sive changes Discard changes
😗 Beam 🥥 Room patroled 😗 Treatment mode 😗 PPS in ;	austion 😗 Natzle elements		Subsystem errors 🌒 Dacues 🕒 MAPTA. 🌒 mPc 🕥 System status

2. Select a plan and click Start session. A QA session is created and started.

Treatment **Imaging** and **Delivery** can now proceed as normal, with the exception that the user needs to confirm that no patient is present on the table before delivering a beam. In Physics mode, it is possible to apply a correction vector to create an adjusted delivery position without acquiring setup images for the session by accessing the context menu in the header of the **Registration** panel.

In Physics mode, the beams delivered will not contribute to nominal dose, and unapproved treatment courses can be delivered.

To be able to exit Physics mode, the session must first be stopped or completed.

#### Collapse gantry angle

When making a delivery in Physics mode and the room has a gantry, the user can choose to collapse the gantry angles to 0 and 90 degrees for QA deliveries. All beams can then be delivered from the same gantry angle for the QA delivery.

The reason to why the gantry can be collapsed is that the phantom used only supports 0 or 90 degree angles. If the planned gantry angle of a beam is not 0 or 90 degrees, and the gantry is not collapsed, a warning is shown when confirming the beam.

Beams	;							Cre	ate continuation	n Collapse gantry angl	e
No.			Gantry [deg]		Meterset Planned [10 <sup>6</sup> NP]	Delivered	Yaw [deg]	Range Shifter	Ripple filter		
1					8034.3921						
2				IR4Plan 1	7233.3480						
				● 0° ○ 90°	n angle to colla	8	ryto X				
						0	ĸ	Cancel 1		 4 5 cm	

To collapse gantry angle:

- 1. Click the **Collapse gantry angle** button.
- 2. Select which angle to collapse the gantry to.
- 3. Click **OK**.

#### 5.6.1 Machine QA tests

The following options are available for machine QA tests:

- **Start QA test** Starts a QA test of the Exacure system.
- Start camera measurement Starts camera tracking.
- Stop all movements Stops any ongoing Exacure request.
- Clear PPS errors Clears any PPS errors.

One of these texts will be shown, depending on current Exacure status:

- QA test is required
- QA test is NOT required



## 5.7 MACHINE PARAMETER VERIFICATION

The machine parameter verification compares planned and current values, and checks interlock status.

Interlocks are considered only unlocked or unlocked, and cannot be overridden. Values such as positions and angles have a hard tolerance that cannot be overridden. Hard tolerances always have precedence over user-defined tolerances.

Machine parameter	Hard tolerance	Soft tolerance	Description
Interlocks	—	—	All relevant interlocks.
Machine name			Verifies the machine model name.
Range shifters	_	_	Verifies inserted acces-
Range modulators			sories.
Total Meterset exceeded	_	User-defined	Verifies that the resulting total meterset from the fol- lowing delivery is not greater than the planned meterset.
Planned Meterset subceed- ed	_	User-defined	Verifies that the resulting planned meterset from the following delivery is not less than the planned me- terset.
Gantry angle	0.5 degrees	User-defined	Verifies current gantry an- gle.

The table below shows a complete list of verified machine parameters.

Machine parameter	Hard tolerance	Soft tolerance	Description	
Snout position	1 mm	User-defined	Verifies current snout posi- tion.	
Table top vertical position	1 mm	User-defined		
Table top longitudinal posi- tion	1 mm	User-defined		
Table top lateral position	1 mm	User-defined	Verifies current table top position.	
Table top pitch angle	0.5 degrees	User-defined	position.	
Table top roll angle	0.5 degrees	User-defined	-	
Table top yaw angle	0.5 degrees	User-defined		

## 5.8 INTERLOCKS

The interlocks used by RayCommand are software interlocks. There are two main types of interlocks:

- Relay interlocks are based on external signals.
- In-position interlocks are based on combinations of external signals and internal information. In-position interlocks use the tolerance table to evaluate if a target position has been reached.

Note:	Using large tolerance values will enable the confirm beam command also in cases
	when hard tolerances prevent beam delivery.

Interlock	Туре	Description
Treatment mode	Relay	Patient positioning system is in treatment mode. In-room components cannot be moved.
Beam	Relay	Beam is occupied by current room.
Room patrolled	Relay	Room is patrolled. This in- cludes technical area and storage area interlocks, if appli- cable.
PPS	In-position	Table top is at the target posi- tion of the current beam.
Nozzle elements	In-position	Nozzle elements are at the target position of the current beam.

Interlock	Туре	Description
Gantry	In-position	Gantry is at the target position of the current beam.
Snout	In-position	Snout is at the target position of the current beam.

**Note:** The PPS interlock evaluates the table top position with regard to the planned position of the current beam. This is also referred to as the nominal position. Approving a registration of the daily image provides the adjusted position. The adjusted position has precedence for evaluating the table top position.

## 5.9 LOGGING

All monitors and services write log events to file in CLEF format (Compact Log Event Format). An optional sink can be configured in the installer to stream log events to a Seq server (https://datalust.co/seq) which enables viewing log events in real time.

# 6 TREATMENT MANAGEMENT AND RESULTS

For information about treatment management and treatment results, see:

- RSL-D-RC-2024A-USM, RayCare 2024A User Manual
- Section Dose tracking with RayCare treatment course in RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM, RayStation 2024A User Manual.

# A CLINIC SETTINGS CONFIGURATION FOR RAYCOMMAND

In order to use RayCommand, configuration of the treatment settings in the Clinic settings application is needed. Most of the settings are configured at installation and are therefore described in the RayCommand installation documents. This section describes some important points of which the user should be aware.

Clinic settings				_ 0 ;
System admin Security DICOM Prefere	ences Optimizatior	and dose Reports RayCare env	ronment Treatment License Scripting Tags	
		Treatment settings		
Settings for RayTreat and RayCommand to det between a room and a treatment driver. There		PACS URL:	http://US-0001-WKS.raysearchlabs.com:5072/dicom/RAYPACS	
configured for each driver to communicate with		PACS requires authenticatio		
driver. Each remote endpoint and room name	must be unique.	Test PACS connection		
Treatment rooms		Treatment room settings		
Add Edit Delete		Driver endpoint:	http://localhost:6002	
Name	Port number	Treatment session manager	RayTreat	
	6102	Username:	laura	
IBA - CGTR-A (CGTR) ProNova - SC360-A (SC360)	6103	Password:		
		Computer name:	US-0001-WKS	
		Require collision check:		
		Room name: Machine models:	CGTR-A CGTR	
		Driver ID:	b6bcbca7-51b5-4809-8d51-92a7914f8c0d	
		Driver version:	14.10.0.0	
		Treatment port:	6102	
		Imaging device transformation		
		Supported driver features:	Supports tolerance tables	
			Can modify table top position for plan Can send treatment note	
			Supports QA delivery	
			Can propagate table top positions Can propagate table top positions to continuation sessions	
			Continuation possible on manual records	
			Can parse treatment records offline     Requires one single setup beam	
			✓ Is ion compatible	
			Is photon compatible Supports head first supine position	
			Supports head first prone position	
			Supports feet first supine position	
			Supports feet first prone position Supports sitting position	
			Supports decubitus position	
			Supports ocular gaze position Requires table top positions	
			Supports custom setup isocenters	
			Supports multiple setup beams with multiple isocenters Supports 6D couch plans	
				ive Exit
				EXI

#### Figure 21. The Treatment tab in Clinic settings.

The configuration has a list of rooms. These reflect the rooms for which the user can schedule an appointment in RayCare. Each room also has a list of machine models. These reflect the models of the machine setup in RayPhysics and are used when creating a beam set in RayStation. The same machine model can be referenced in multiple rooms. It is also possible to let a single room support multiple machine models.



#### WARNING!

Machine models. The user who configures which machine models are supported in which rooms shall have a very clear understanding of the clinic and its rooms and machine models. It is strongly discouraged to remove or rename any machine model in the configuration of a room. Instead, it is recommended to deprecate the machine in RayPhysics if a machine model is not to be used anymore. It is still possible to add new machine models to a room.

(341177)

To edit treatment room settings, click the **Edit** button. This opens the **Edit treatment room settings** dialog.

Edit treatment room settings			×
General ———		Driver features	
Driver endpoint:	http://localhost:6002	Request features below from driver	
Username:	laura	Supported driver features:	
Password:	•••••	Can modify table top position for plan	
Computer name:	US-0001-WKS	<ul> <li>Can send treatment note</li> <li>Supports QA delivery</li> </ul>	
Require collision check:		Can propagate table top positions	
Driver essentials		Can propagate table top positions to continuation sessions     Continuation possible on manual records	
		Can parse treatment records offline	
Request settings below	v from driver	Requires one single setup beam	
Room name:	CGTR-A	✓ Is ion compatible □ Is photon compatible	
Machine models:	CGTR X Add	<ul> <li>Supports head first supine position</li> <li>Supports head first prone position</li> </ul>	
Driver ID:	b6bcbca7-51b5-4809-8d51-92a7914f8c0d	Supports feet first supine position	
Driver version:	14.10.0.0	Supports feet first prone position Supports sitting position	
Treatment port:	6102	<ul> <li>Supports decubitus position</li> <li>Supports ocular gaze position</li> </ul>	
Check driver connection	ons	Requires table top positions     Supports custom setup isocenters	
Imaging device transformatio	n (IDT)	Supports multiple setup beams with multiple isocenters	
	Use imaging device transformation	Supports 6D couch plans	
		Save Cancel	

Figure 22. The Edit treatment room settings dialog.

In **Imaging device system** it is possible to enter an imaging device transformation in case the patient coordinate system and the imaging device do not match. If IDT is set to 0,0,0 the coordinate system for the patient and the imaging system is coinciding.

# B DEFINING SETUP IMAGING PARAMETERS IN RAYSTATION

This section describes the workflow in RayStation for configuring setup beams and imaging parameters for the medPhoton specific patient setup and imaging procedures performed by RayCommand.

## In this chapter

This chapter contains the following sections:

B.1	Commission an Ion Treatment Machine to support workflows for medPhoton imaging procedures	р. 99
B.2	Create a beam set including imaging parameters	p. 101
B.3	Edit setup beam properties in the setup beam list	p. 102
B.4	Select parameters for imaging	р. 103

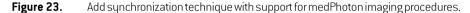
# B.1 COMMISSION AN ION TREATMENT MACHINE TO SUPPORT WORKFLOWS FOR MEDPHOTON IMAGING PROCEDURES

To support the patient setup and imaging procedures required for medPhoton delivery, the lon treatment machine needs to be configured with the appropriate type of motion synchronization support.

How to configure motion synchronization.

1. Open the Add synchronization technique dialog in the **Motion synchronization** tab, see *Motion synchronization* in the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-RPHY*, *RayStation 2024A RayPhysics Manual*.

Add synchronization techniqu	ie	×
Tracking technique		medPhoton Imaging
Technique name		Setup imaging
Respiratory signal source	Respiratory	motion compensation technique
None	None	
Add Remove		
Use the selection of metion	ion in treatme	at plans as default for OA plans
		ent plans as default for QA plans
Require respiratory inter-		
Require respiratory phase	e gating duty o	cycle 🛈
		OK Cancel



- 2. Add a motion synchronization technique with the Tracking technique selected as 'medPhoton Imaging'.
- 3. Add a name for the Tracking technique.

The other available properties in the **Motion synchronization** tab will not affect the standardized medPhoton patient setup and imaging flow.

Genera	al Beam line o	objects	Setup imag	ging systems	DICOM	Motion synchronization						
Add system) Delete system) 🗌 Include setup beams in RtionPlan export												
Planar LAT and AP 🐮 CBCT												
Name:	Name: Planar LAT and AP											
Use for t	Use for treatment beam DRRs: Yes 👻											
Gantry-m	ounted imagers											
Name	Source-axis distance [cm]		ggantry ffset [deg]	Imager recep Width [cm]		Isocenter to receptor plane distance [cm]						
LAT	60.00	0.0		40.00	40.00	0.00						
АР	60.00	90.0		40.00	40.00	0.00						

## B.2 CREATE A BEAM SET INCLUDING IMAGING PARAMETERS

In the Add/Edit beam set dialog, select a motion synchronization technique with Tracking technique 'medPhoton' to enable the medPhoton flow for imaging and patient setup. For more information on how to define the technique, see *Commission an Ion Treatment Machine to support workflows for medPhoton imaging procedures on how such a technique is defined*.

Motion synchronization												
Technique:	: Setup imaging											

When a motion synchronization technique of type 'medPhoton imaging' is selected, it will have the following consequences for that beam set.

- Setup beams with custom imaging isocenter will automatically be used.
  - Note that as a consequence the section for setup beam creation and setup beam isocenter selection will be hidden.
  - Setup beams will be created according to standard RayStation rules for gantry mounted and fixed imagers.
- Additional custom imaging isocenters for the setup beams are allowed to be created.
- A selected Tracked ROI is required per imaging isocenter.

- A selected Body site is required per imaging isocenter.
- An Imaged volume representation will be created, which can be edited.

## B.3 EDIT SETUP BEAM PROPERTIES IN THE SETUP BEAM LIST

The setup beams and imaging parameters are configured from the **Setup beams** tab. For further information, see *Setup beams* in the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM*, *RayStation 2024A User Manual*.

Plan Beams Setup beams Beam dose specification points Prescriptions IDCAS collision avoidance														
Cop	Copy Delete													
No		Description	Isocente Name				Gantry [deg]	Couch [deg] Rotation	Imaging system		Imaged volume Width [cm]	Imaged volume Height [cm]	Imaged volume Aspect ratio	Body site
1	CD1_1	SetupBeam_CD(1)_1	•	-0.06	-37.35	-7.84	0.0	0.0	Planar LAT and AP	PTV 👻	4.00	7.00	1.75	Abdomen
2	CD1_2	SetupBeam_CD(1)_2		-0.06	-37.35	-7.84	90.0	0.0	СВСТ	Ε ΡΤΥ	4.00	7.00	1.75	Abdomen



## Assign a separate isocenter for a setup beam

Define a new separate isocenter for the beam by right-clicking on an existing isocenter in the setup beam list and select **Duplicate isocenter**.

			Remove unused setup isocenters								
2	CD_2	SetupBeam_CD_2	Duplicate isocenter 0	0							
1	CD_1	SetupBeam_CD_1	<ul> <li>-0.05</li> <li>1.70</li> <li>0.05</li> <li>0.0</li> </ul>								
No.	Name	Description		Ca Ra							
Copy Delete											
Plar	n Bear	ms Setup beams	Beam dose specification points Presc	rij							

#### Select another isocenter for a setup beam

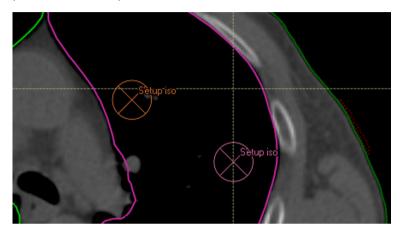
Select another existing isocenter for a setup beam by right-clicking on the isocenter in the setup beam list and select another isocenter from the drop-down list.

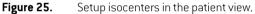
No.	Name	Description	lsocenter Name
1	CD_1	SetupBeam_CD_1	
2	CD_2	SetupBeam_CD_2	

#### Remove unused isocenters

If undesired and unused isocenters exist in the beam sets, select **Clear unused isocenters**. All isocenters in the beam set that are not used by a beam will be deleted.

Note that the imaging isocenters do not have a name. Setup beam isocenters are marked in the patient views as 'Setup iso'.





## B.4 SELECT PARAMETERS FOR IMAGING

For standard editing of setup beam parameters, see *Setup beams for proton plans and light ion plans* in the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM*, *RayStation 2024A User Manual*.

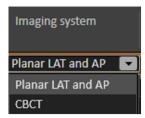
		ms Setup beams												
$\subseteq$	Copy Delete													
N		Description	Isocent Name	er [cm] R-L		P-A	Gantry [deg]	Couch [deg] Rotation	Imaging system	Tracked ROI	Imaged volume Width [cm]	Imaged volume Height [cm]	Imaged volume Aspect ratio	Body site
1	CD_1	SetupBeam_CD_1	•	-0.06	-37.35	-7.84	0.0	0.0	Planar LAT and CT	PTV	4.00	7.00	1.75	Abdomen
2	CD_2	SetupBeam_CD_2	•	-2.51	-37.35	-5.67	90.0	0.0	СВСТ	PTV	4.00	7.00	1.75	Abdomen
3	CD_3	SetupBeam_CD_3	•	-2.51	-37.35	-5.67	90.0	0.0	СВСТ	PTV	4.00	7.00	1.75	Abdomen

Figure 26. The setup beam list for medPhoton imaging

The setup beam list will, in addition to present information for each setup beam, also display information that is defined per imaging isocenter. When editing properties related to the imaging isocenter, the information will be updated in all rows containing setup beams sharing that same imaging isocenter.

#### Imaging system

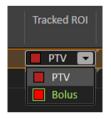
The user can select which imaging protocol to use per setup beam. The protocol includes the definition of the angles to use for setup imaging performed by that setup beam. If selecting an imaging system with multiple imagers with different offsets, setup imaging with RayCommand will be performed from all angles defined as the setup beam angle + the imager offset.



#### Tracked ROI

A **Tracked ROI** is required to select per imaging isocenter. Select the appropriate ROI from the drop-down list that is populated with all ROIs which are not of **Organ at risk** type.

The selected ROI will be used in RayCommand as the default focus ROI for registrations of images acquired at that setup beam isocenter.



### Width, height and aspect ratio of Imaged volume

The width, height and aspect ratio of the volume to be imaged can be edited in the setup beam list as well as interactively changed from the DRR views. The relation ship (height = aspect ration \* width) is always preserved when editing.

#### Body site

A **Body site** is required to select per imaging isocenter. The **Body site** will be forwarded from RayCommand to the imaging system to define imaging parameters, to give optimal image quality of the body site imaged at this imaging isocenter.

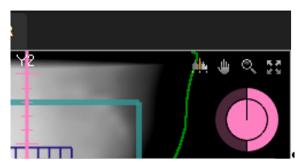
The available body sites to select from is defined in Clinic Settings, see *Preferences* in the *RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM*, *RayStation 2024A User Manual*.



#### DRR view

For more information regarding what is displayed in the DRR views, see DRR views and Settings and Setup beams in the RSL-D-RS-2024A-USM, RayStation 2024A User Manual.

When looking at the setup DRR for a setup beam, DRRs for the different imaging angles will be possible to select in the different sections in the pie diagram in the upper right corner of the workspace. Change the selected imaging angle by clicking in the pie diagram or use arrow right/arrow left keys.

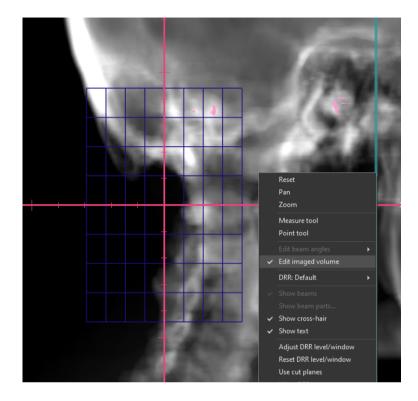


In the DRR, the imaged area is visualized as a grid, centered at the setup beam isocenter.

By right-clicking in the **Setup DRR** view and selecting the **Edit imaged volume** tool, it is possible to move and resize the imaged volume.

By using the **Edit imaged volume** tool, the isocenter of the setup beam can be moved in the DRR view by clicking and dragging in the central part of the grid. The isocenter is moved with the grid following.

To change the size of the imaged volume, for the isocenter of the selected setup beam, click and drag on the border of the grid. Interactive resizing is possible only with a fixed aspect ratio.



# C COLLISION CHECK IN RAYSTATION

## C.1 INTRODUCTION

The Collision check functionality in RayStation consists of tools designed for predicting collisions in the treatment room already in the planning phase, to avoid the discovery that a plan is non-deliverable when the patient is positioned on the treatment table and is ready for treatment.

In addition to the geometries of the treatment room, delivery system and robotic couch, the Collision check also enables the insert of a patient avatar whose shape is specified by the user in RayStation, and that is automatically positioned in the patient image stack. The Collision check also includes the modeling of fixation devices whose ID and position on the table top are defined in RayCare prior to planning.

The Collision check can be performed with the table top in its nominal position, as well as for a multitude of table top correction scenarios which are sampled by user-defined setup margins in all 6 degrees of freedom of the robotic couch. At plan approval, the user is not allowed to proceed if the Collision check has not been executed and a warning is shown if a collision has been detected.

The setup margins are exported to RayCommand along with the plan and structures representing the fixation devices and patient avatar. The setup margins and collision status are also included in the plan report.

## C.2 ADD FIXATION DEVICES

The fixation devices are created in RayStation as regular ROIs. These ROIs may be used in the collision check of the robotic motion tracking algorithm in RayCommand (see *section C.4 ROIs used in collision check on page 110*).

The fixation device IDs and table top positions (indices) used for the planning image data set are defined in RayCare and are retrieved by RayStation via scripting. The geometry of each available fixation device is stored in a structure template in RayStation. The devices used for the current plan are positioned in the image stack according to the table top position (index). The position and shapes of the fixation devices may be adjusted manually after being placed in the patient, for example to compensate for potential couch sag. The creation of the fixation ROIs in the patient is triggered from a script in RayStation.

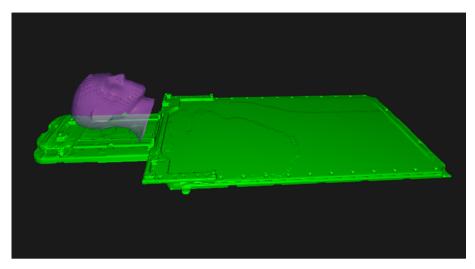


Figure 27. Example where the fixation device 'HeadStep' has been added to the patient.

# C.3 ADD A PATIENT AVATAR

The patient avatar is composed of regular RayStation ROIs of type **Avatar**. The avatar is constructed by a series of ROIs (torso, two arms, two legs and head & neck) so that individual body components may be manually adjusted if needed. The external ROI is always considered by the collision check.

🔘 Create avatar			-		$\times$
Help					
	Create avatar in image:	CT 1			
	Body type:	Female			
	Position:				
	Height [cm]:	0			
	Weight [kg]:	0			
	Body ROI:	External			
	New ROI name:	Avatar			
		G Cut off avat	ar fron	n image	e data
				Gener	ate

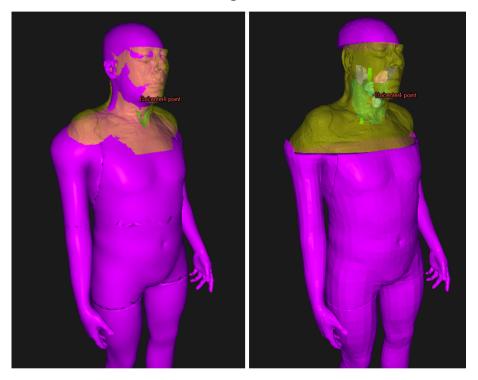
The creation of the avatar is handled by a RayStation script (script UI is shown above). If more than one CT is available, the CT image to be used is selected first in the script. The shape of the avatar is then defined by the following:

- Length
- Weight
- Body type (woman/man/child)
- Body position (arms down, arms up etc.).

The length and weight are populated automatically by data from RayCare. The body type is determined from the patient's sex and age according to the following:

- Man >= 13 years -> Man body type
- Man < 13 year -> Child body type
- Woman >= 11 year -> Woman body type
- Woman < 11 year -> Child body type

This data may be overridden in the avatar user interface. The avatar ROIs are automatically positioned in the patient coordinate system by a rigid registration to the external ROI, but the positions may be subsequently manually adjusted. Since the External ROI is included in the Collision check and often is the best representation of the true patient outline, the volume covered by the image data stack can optionally be subtracted from the avatar ROI (via the **Cut off Avatar by image data** checkbox). The effect of this function is exemplified below, where the **Cut off Avatar by image data** checkbox was selected for the avatar to the right.



# C.4 ROIS USED IN COLLISION CHECK

ROIs of type **Avatar** and **External** will always be included in the collision check. It is also possible to add other ROIs to be used in the collision check, for example fixation devices.

To include an ROI in the collision check, select the checkbox for the ROI in the **ROI properties** dialog or in the **ROI/POI details** dialog.

ROI properties		×
Select ROI:	HeadStep @ F3/H3	•
ROI properties		
Name:	HeadStep @ F3/H3	
Туре:	Undefined	
Color:		
Tissue name:		
RBE cell type:		
Organ type:	Other	
Compression ratio:	0.48	
Material:	(None)   Create new material.	
	Mass density [g/cm³]:	
Include in collision ch		
Exclude from export:		
ROI visualization		
2D/Patient plane:	3D/Room view: BEV: DRR:	
Contour	Image: Shaded     Image: Contour     Image: Contour     Image: Contour	
Geometries		
Image set	Representation         Volume [cm³]         Intensity         Initialized by DLS model           Min         Avg         Max         Unit	odel
CT 1	Triangle mesh 15607.15 -1024.00 -799.32 3071.00 HU	
CT 2	Empty	
	OK Cancel Apply	

Figure 28. The ROI properties dialog.

*Note:* Beam set specific ROIs explicitly excluded in the beam set will not be used in the collision check.

ROI/PC	) I (	detail	s									_ 0 :
RO	DI d	letail	5		details							
							Visualization settin 2D/Patient plane				□ Exclude from export	Include in collision check
		Targ	jets	(1)								
		•			PTV	PTV	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		Orga	ans	at ris	k (2)							
۲		•			External	External	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		•			SomeOtherROI	Organ	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		Unk	пом	vn (8								
۲		•			Avatar_right_arm	Avatar	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
					Avatar_left_arm	Avatar	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		•			Avatar_right_leg	Avatar	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
					Avatar_left_leg	Avatar	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		•			Avatar_head	Avatar	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		•			Avatar_torso	Avatar	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		-			HeadStep @ F3/H3	Undefined	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		
		•			TransferPlate @ -1	Undefined	Contour	Shaded	Contour	Contour		

Figure 29. The ROI/POI details dialog.

# C.5 COLLISION CHECK TAB

The **Collision check** tab is the main workspace for the Collision check in RayStation, and is included in the **Plan design** and **Plan optimization** modules. The **Collision check** tab includes:

- Collision check execution buttons
- Collision status table
- Setup margins table
- List of rooms that the Collision check is performed for
- Room view execution button
- Planning parameters beams list

Obj	ectives	s/constrai	nts Beams	Energy layers Bear	n computat	tion sett	tings E	Beam weighting	g Beam do	se specification p	points F	Prescript	tions IC	CAS collisio	on avoidance	Collision check	
leam c	ollision	n status –				Setu	p margins										
Nomi	nal che	eck Wit	hin margins c	heck Room view		Res	et margir	15									
	Nam		Collision si Nominal	tatus Within setup margins	Rooms: IR2		eral [cm] wer Up			/ertical [cm] ower Upper	Pitch [deg Lower   L		Roll [deg] Lower		w [deg] wer Upper		
1	HBL		Pass	Fail		-2.	00 2.0	0 -2.00	2.00	2.00 2.00	່-3.00 ໌ ສ	3.00	-3.00	3.00 -3	.00 3.00		
2	VBL		Pass	Pass													
eams																	
		Name	Description	Isocenter [cm] Name				Machine	Snout Name		Air gap Min	[cm] CAX	Gantry [deg]	Couch [d Rotation			10 <sup>6</sup> NP/fx
1	۲	HBL		2FL test 1_moved 1	-33.99	18.55	-5.68	IR2_p_11A	HBL_Nozzle	64.80	20.00	23.83	90.0	0.0	RS3cmR1	4.0	29894.2576
2	۲	VBL		2FL test 2_moved 1	-0.21	18.55	-49.09	IR2_p_11A	VBL_Nozzle	64.23	10.00	10.60	0.0	0.0	RS3cmR1	4.0	28495.0474

# C.6 COLLISION CHECK FUNCTIONS

The collision check can be performed with the patient in its nominal position (**Nominal check**), and for collisions considering the 6D movement of the table within the given setup margins (**Within margins check**). The **Nominal check** is also implicitly performed as part of the **Within margins** 

**check**. The result of these two tests is presented in the **Beam collision status** table. The status is one of the following:

- Unknown (if no check has been executed for the given setup)
- Pass
- Fail

**Within margins check** is performed for all possible scenarios combining the setup margin limits plus the nominal scenario (=65 scenarios). The setup margins are shown in the **Setup margins** table, with separate values for positive and negative margins. The setup margins are editable in the table, with default values of 2 cm for spatial margins and 3 degrees for angular margins. The default values are brought back by clicking the **Reset margins** button. The rotational center of the table top correction is by default taken as the center-of-mass of the primary prescription ROI.

The values of the setup margins do not refer to margins relative to the table top, but rather to the displacement of the body that leads to a counter movement of the table. For example, the scenario including a Lateral margin of +2 cm will investigate the scenario where the table is positioned at a Lateral position of -2 cm (see section C.8 Room view on page 114).

The treatment room which is used for the Collision check is identified by the beam model of the beam set and the treatment room settings as given in Clinic Settings. If the beam model of the current beam set serves more than one room, the Collision check is performed for all the rooms. This means that the so-called imaging device transformation (IDT) vector, which is needed for positioning the fixation devices and avatar correctly on the treatment table top and is stored per treatment room in Clinic settings, is required to be equal for the rooms that are included in a Collision check. This is verified by the Collision check algorithm. The names of the treatment rooms used in the Collision check are displayed in the **Collison check** tab.

A collision is noted if the convex hulls of the geometries of the model are within a specified contact margin. In RayStation 2024A, these margins are by default set to 3 cm for collisions with snout or nozzle and is otherwise 1 cm. To change these values, contact RaySearch support.

# C.7 COLLISION STATUS INVALIDATION

The collision status is invalidated upon any change to:

- Patient plan
- Patient avatar ROIs
- Fixation ROIs
- External ROI
- Setup margin values (only Margin Collision check status)
- Plan prescription (only Margin Collision check status)

Note that the collision status is not invalidated in the following scenarios:

- The setup instructions (fixation devices and positions) have been updated in RayCare.
- The IDT vector for a room is changed after a Collision check has been executed.
- The beam set is already approved and a new ROI with **Include in collision check** selected is created.

## C.8 ROOM VIEW

Room view is a dialog that is opened from the Collision check tab.

The dialog shows a 3D rendition of the treatment room, displaying all the geometries included in the collision check for the selected beam (**Beam** drop-down list) of the current beam set. For beam sets with a beam model that is supported by more than one room, the room to be visualized is selected in the **Room** drop-down list. The motion of the robotic couch can be configured per treatment room in the corresponding configuration file.

Besides investigating the nominal patient position, the **Room view** dialog also supports the possibility to study the effect of a 6D couch correction. It should be noted that the setup correction values entered in the user interface refer to the displacement of the patient and only implicitly the correction of the table since the patient displacement will generate a counter motion of the table top. However, the patient avatar will remain in its nominal position on the table top. The relation of the table top motion to the input patient displacement parameters is further explained in the table below.

Right-Left	HFS reference: Positive (negative) values indicate couch movement in patient's right (left) direction.
Inf-Sup	HFS reference: Positive (negative) values indicate couch movement in patient's inferior (superior) direction.
Post-Ant	HFS reference: Positive (negative) values indicate couch movement in patient's posterior (anterior) direction.
Pitch	HFS reference: Positive (negative) values indicate counterclockwise (clockwise) rotation as seen from patient's right side. Patient's head lowers (elevates).
Roll	HFS reference: Positive (negative) values indicate clockwise (counterclockwise) couch rotation as seen from patient's head. Patient's right hand lowers (elevates).
Yaw	HFS reference: Positive (negative) values indicate clockwise (counterclockwise) couch rotation as seen from above. Head moves to patient's left (right).

The **Room view** dialog further indicates the collision status for the current room/beam/patient displacement. The possible states are:

- Pass (green)
- Fail (red)

<section-header>

Unreachable position (red). Indicates that the couch robot cannot bring the table to the desired



The information in the **Room view** is controlled via the mouse and keyboard as summarized in the table below.

Кеу	Function	Description
Left mouse button	Rotate camera	Rotates the camera to view the room from different angles.
Mouse wheel	Zoom in/out	Zooms in/out to get a closer or a more distant view of the room.
Space	Camera reset	Sets the camera to its default posi- tion.
С	Show lines	Closest points of collision between objects.
F	Show frames	Frame-of-reference of various com- ponents and their origin and rotation- al direction relative the reference co- ordinate system.
G	Show grid	Grid of isocentric planes.
1	Show collision models	Shows the convex hull geometries that are used in the Collision check.
2	Show spheres	Linear Axis Heuristic (LAH) spheres depicting the permissible minimum and maximum positions of the linear sliding overhead rail.

### Keys

## Investigating failed scenarios

If the **Within margins check** fails, a list of failed scenarios for the selected beam and room is displayed in the **Room view**. A failed scenario can be shown by selecting it in the list. The **Room view** will be updated accordingly.

Room vi	ew											
Room:	IR3 👻											
Beam:												
Table top corrected patient displacement												
Right-Left [cm]: -1.75												
Inf-Sup [	cm]:				4.50							
Post-Ant	[cm]:				3.00							
Pitch [de	:g]:				-3.00							
Roll [deg	]:				2.20							
Yaw [deg	<u>;]</u> :				-3.00							
Inf-Sup: Post-Ant Collision					18.55 -5.68							
Fail												
Failed sc	enarios											
	I-S	P-A	Pitch	Roll	Yaw							
R-L	and a second second	[cm]	[deg]	[deg]	[deg]							
R-L [cm]	[cm]		_									
[cm] -1.75	[cm] -2.00	-1.50	-3.00	2.20	-3.00							
[cm] -1.75 -1.75	-2.00 -2.00	-1.50 3.00	-3.00	2.20	-3.00							
[cm] -1.75 -1.75 -1.75	-2.00 -2.00 4.50	-1.50 3.00 3.00	-3.00 -3.00	2.20 2.20	-3.00 -3.00							
[cm] -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75	-2.00 -2.00 4.50 -2.00	-1.50 3.00 3.00 -1.50	-3.00 -3.00 1.10	2.20 2.20 2.20	-3.00 -3.00 -3.00							
[cm] -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75	-2.00 -2.00 4.50 -2.00 4.50	-1.50 3.00 3.00 -1.50 -1.50	-3.00 -3.00 1.10 1.10	2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20	-3.00 -3.00 -3.00 -3.00							
[cm] -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75 -1.75	-2.00 -2.00 4.50 -2.00	-1.50 3.00 3.00 -1.50	-3.00 -3.00 1.10	2.20 2.20 2.20	-3.00 -3.00 -3.00							

# C.9 PLAN APPROVAL

The user may select whether a Collision check (**Nominal** and **Within margins check**) must have been executed to allow plan approval. This is defined per treatment room and is controlled by the **Require collision check** checkbox in Clinic Settings.

Clinic settings		
System admin DICOM Preference	s Optimization and dose Report templa	
Edit treatment room settings		
General		Drive
Driver endpoint:	http://localhost:6002	
Absolute meterset tolerance:	1	
Absolute meterset tolerance.	1	
Relative meterset tolerance [%]:	1	
Username:	usr	
osemane.		
Password:	••••	
Computer name:	Comp	
Supported online strategies:	Adaptive replanning	
Require collision check:		

At plan approval, the user will get a warning if any collision has been detected, but plan approval is not prohibited.

# C.10 PLAN REPORT

The setup margins and collision status tables are included in the plan report (see example below). If the **Require collision check** checkbox is selected in Clinic Settings (see *section C.9 Plan approval on page 117*), a Collison check must have been executed to allow plan report generation.

Latera	l [cm]	Longit [cm]	•		Vertical [cm]		cal[cm] Ya		leg]	Pitch [	deg]	Roll [d	eg]
Low- er	Up- per	Low- er	Up- per	Low- er	Up- per	Low- er	Up- per	Low- er	Up- per	Low- er	Up- per		
-2.0	1.0	-2.0	2.0	-1.00	2.0	-3.0	3.0	-3.0	3.0	-1.00	3.0		

### Beam collision status

Beam #	Beam name	Collision status	
		Nominal	Within setup margins
1	HBL	Pass	Pass
2	B2	Pass	Fail

### C.11 SCRIPTABLE FUNCTIONS

The following are the Collision check related actions available via scripting:

NominalCollisionCheck()	Same as the <b>Nominal check</b> in the <b>Collison</b> <b>check</b> tab.
WithinMarginsCollisionCheck()	Same as the <b>Within margins check</b> in the <b>Colli- son check</b> tab.
ReadOnlyNominalCollisionCheckForBeam()	Performs the <b>Nominal check</b> for a given beam without affecting the collision status.
ReadOnlyWithinMarginsCollisionCheckFor- Beam()	Performs the <b>Within margins check</b> for a given beam without affecting the collision status.

### C.12 SCRIPTABLE PROPERTIES

The following are the Collision check related properties available via scripting:

```
PatientSetup.CollisionProperties
   BeamCollisionStatus -> ScriptCollection
   SetupMargins -> ScriptObject
BeamCollisionStatus
   Nominal (get)
   WithinSetupMargins (get)
   FailedScenarios -> ScriptCollection
SetupMargins
   LateralLowerMargin (get/set)
   LateralUpperMargin (get/set)
   LongitudinalLowerMargin (get/set)
   LongitudinalUpperMargin (get/set)
   PitchLowerMargin (get/set)
   PitchUpperMargin (get/set)
   RollLowerMargin (get/set)
   RollUpperMargin (get/set)
   VerticalLowerMargin (get/set)
   VerticalUpperMargin (get/set)
   YawLowerMargin (get/set)
   YawUpperMargin (get/set)
   CollisionCheckScenario
   LateralShift (get)
   LongitudinalShift (get)
   PitchShift (get)
   RollShift (get)
   RoomName (get)
   VerticalShift (get)
```

YawShift (get)

# D RT IMAGE AND DRR TEMPLATES

### Adding templates

It is possible to add RT image and DRR templates, by modifying the values belonging to the following keys:

- MainMonitor.VtkView.RtImageSettingsTemplates
- MainMonitor.VtkView.DrrSettingsTemplates

Both keys are found in the file RayCommand.MainMonitor.exe.config.

Each key value expects a list of templates that are specified in JSON format.

#### Example

To add two DRR templates, modify the value of the key *MainMonitor.VtkView.DrrSettingsTemplates* to:

```
٦ "
```

```
{'Name':'FirstTemplate','Mip':false,'Invert':true,'ThresholdMin':-1000.0,
    'ThresholdMax':4000.0,'LevelWindowMin':0.0,'LevelWindowMax':0.2,
    'UseMarker':false,'MarkerThreshold':2750.0,'BoneEnhancement':1.0,
    'Gamma':1.0,'FilterType':0},
```

```
{'Name':'SecondTemplate','Mip':true,'Invert':false,'ThresholdMin':-800.0,
    'ThresholdMax':3700.0,'LevelWindowMin':0.1,'LevelWindowMax':0.3,
    'UseMarker':true,'MarkerThreshold':2800.0,'BoneEnhancement':0.7,
    'Gamma':1.2,'FilterType':1,'SharpeningAmount':0.1}
```

] "

#### Available properties for RT image templates

Name	Required
Name	Yes
Invert	Yes
LevelWindowMin	Yes
LevelWindowMax	Yes
Gamma	Yes
FilterType	Yes

Name	Required
SharpeningAmount	No
EdgeDetectionAmount	No

### Available properties for DRR templates

Name	Required
Name	Yes
Мір	Yes
Invert	Yes
ThresholdMin	Yes
ThresholdMax	Yes
LevelWindowMin	Yes
LevelWindowMax	Yes
UseMarker	Yes
MarkerThreshold	Yes
BoneEnhancement	Yes
Gamma	Yes
FilterType	Yes
SharpeningAmount	No
EdgeDetectionAmount	No

### Filter type

The filter type is specified using a number.

Available filter types and their corresponding numbers:

Filter type	Number
None	0
Sharpening	1
Edge detection	2

## Loading templates

To load templates:

1. Click the **DRR** or **RT Image** drop-down list in the tool view.

2. Click the **Load template** button.



# **E DEFINITIONS**

Term	Meaning
GPU	Graphics Processing Unit
BEV	Beam's Eye View
Control point	Position of the PPS in the treatment room ac- cording to IEC 61217:
	Yaw (IEC theta, Rz), X (table top lateral), Y (table top longitude), Z (vertical), Pitch (IEC psi, Rx), Roll (IEC phi, Ry)
DVH	Dose Volume Histogram
deg	When the term deg is seen in RayStation this refers to degrees.
DRR	Digitally Reconstructed Radiograph
External ROI	The ROI used to define the outline of the patient in the dose computation. The ROI used to define the outline of the patient in the dose computa- tion.
GUI	Graphical User Interface
MU	Monitor Units
ROI	Region of Interest
Path	A sequence of control points.
Patient positioner	Collective name for the device used to place the patient on. This can typically be a treatment couch, or a chair mounted on a positioning de- vice.

Term	Meaning
Trajectory	PPS speeds and accelerations through a path, calculated for the comfort of the patient, stabil- ity of the ROI, and protection of the PPS, with respect to mechanical limits and IEC standards.
Control console	The physical control panel provided by the manufacturer of the patient positioning system or the treatment machine.
PPS	Patient Positioning System



## CONTACT INFORMATION



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